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TERMS OF THE CONSTITUTION

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COMMUNICATIONS must be accompanied by the true name and address of the writer, in order to receive attention. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned.

CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Ga.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 2, 1877.

GOLD opened yesterday at 103⅛, fell at 102⅞; rallied and closed at 103.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed in New York yesterday at 11⅛c; in Liverpool at 6⅜d.

ANOTHER of the pope's oldest cardinals is dead.

THERE is no change in the condition of Archbishop Bailey.

THE village of Putnam, in Connecticut, was nearly destroyed by fire on Sunday morning.

THE telegrams chronicle another "victory" for the federal troops in the west.

THE yellow fever continues its work of death at Fernandina, but seems to be gradually dying out.

IT is reported that there were three yellow fever deaths in Port Royal yesterday, and that many citizens were leaving the town.

IN a collision between two freight trains near Detroit yesterday, a tramp, who was stealing a ride, was burned to death.

ANOTHER savings bank bubble has burst in Boston. Boston seems to be really a nice town for savings banks and that sort of a thing.

COASTWISE vessels coming into the different ports report terrific gales and cyclones along the coast. What now will become of the Ocean Tramp?

WE have a good report on the capital question from Hon. James J. Turnbull. He says the "gable end of Georgia will come up with a heavy vote for Atlanta." He is for Atlanta and for Atlanta's friends.

THE end of the Indian famine is not yet. The figures given by the Madras correspondent of the London Times, which will be found embodied in our telegrams are of a horribly suggestive nature.

OVER his future the bright bow of promise again shines, and it now seems inevitable that if the republican party should be able to elect the next president of the United States, Roscoe Conkling will be the man.—*New York Sun.*

This is certainly the tallest "it" we have ever encountered.

GENERAL TODDLEBEN gives it as his opinion that Plevna cannot be captured by assault, but that seige operations on a most extensive scale must be resorted to. If Osman Pasha is really Sam Bard, as some of the newspaper poets say, it must be that he can hold the fort as artistically as the can change politics.

IT is announced in our telegrams that the Grand Duke Nicholas has the liver complaint. Considering the situation around Plevna, this is to be regretted. But all is not lost, grand duke. Take Tutt's liver pills. Beware of counterfeits. Every pill should contain the autograph of the author. For sale at every drug store.

THE Conklingites were as grasping at Rochester as they were vindictive. A resolution was adopted giving the state committee power to make the nomination for judge of the court of appeals next year, or to call a small convention consisting of one delegate from each assembly district. The state committee is continued in power until 1879. This gives Senator Conkling control of the party in New York until after the election of his successor.

THE MAJORITY IN THE SENATE.

The senate will be so close at the called session that the aid of life and health insurance agents has been sought to decide the problem, and their estimate is that the democrats will have a majority. The republicans claim three, but it is doubtful if Senator Conover can be induced to vote with them on all questions. He professes to be a conservative man, and is generally put down among the independents. Sharon, of Nevada, can't come, and Morton is sick, but to offset this Senator Dennis, of Maryland, will be unable to take his seat owing to illness.

Sol Smith Russell.

On Friday and Saturday next (with a matinee on the afternoon of the last day) there appears at DeGive's opera house this celebrated delineator Mr Sol Smith Russell and a troupe of vocalists, said to be unsurpassed in ability, carefully selected for him from the European market by the Boston Lyceum Bureau. Prominent among them is several ladies of great beauty and who have elicited many testimonials on their tour. At no time this season will the citizens of Atlanta have the opportunity of enjoying an entertainment so chaste, so unique and so agreeable.

Judge R. H. Clarke.

Mr. Richard Clarke, son of Judge Clarke, of the city court, who has been dangerously ill and confined to his bed for a month, has greatly improved within the past few days. The judge has been holding court during the past four weeks, he has had to nurse his son at night, and this has, of course, taxed his endurance beyond his capacity. On the first day of the second week of the term Judge Clarke could not hold court, and one of our reporters stated that it was on account of his illness. The facts we have already stated will correct this error.

—The demand of the age is for men of thought, not necessarily philosophical as scientific thought, but something fresh from the arcana of the Divine Word. Thus thoroughly furnished unto every good word a man of threescore years and ten will be as acceptable to a congregation as one of twenty-five. But two-thirds of our young men would "keep," and would be better for keeping ten years before going into the pastorate. Many of them don't know what they think at twenty-five, and hence they run around from one church to another seeking an ecclesiastical home and finding none. It should be recognized also by ministers and churches that thought as well as life is very limited to most men: and probably more than fifty per cent of all the preaching clergymen in the United States ought to "step down and out" after ten years' service. If they did they would make room for other and fresher thought and be themselves young and healthy enough to engage in other pursuits, where they might, perhaps, serve God and the church more acceptably than in the pulpit.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

—The remains of the late Judge Barnard Hill were taken to Talbotton for interment.

—The DeKalb County News says: "Judge George Hillyer has made many warm friends in this county."

—Congressman Julian Hartridge was registered from Georgia at the New York hotel, New York city, on Wednesday.

—A large number of railroad magnates will assemble here on Wednesday to attend the monthly seance of the "pool"

—The Atlanta drummer is marching through Georgia, and there is a general pouring in of orders to our merchants.

—General Pierce Young is in Washington city, and called upon the president with Mr. Stephens.

—The Macon paper is stirring up its military companies about the prize drill at the fair. Send the boys up—we are waiting for them.

—Colonel John A. Stephens went to Washington City with his illustrious uncle and fell an easy victim to the newspaper interviewers the first night.

—Such thriving merchants as E. G. Kramer, Leon Mandeville and C B Simonton, all of Carrollton, were in Atlanta last week buying stocks of goods.

—Col. E. Y. Clarke was blessed with the appearance of a son, in fine health and full of promise. We congratulate Col Clarke and wish for Clarke junior all good fortune.

—Representatives of the press of Nashville, Chattanooga and Knoxville will attend the great Georgia state fair, in this city, October 15th.

—William A. Shorter was only twenty-six years of age, rather than thirty, as we inadvertently stated. His remains were taken to Eufaula via Montgomery, and were buried there yesterday.

—We return thanks to Mr. Joseph Welsh for a complimentary ticket to the first annual ball of the Emmet club of Chattanooga, on Thursday evening last. We are sorry we could not be present.

—Deputy Clerk Venable is deservedly praised by the entire bar for the neatness and convenience with which he has prepared the printed copy of the general docket of the superior court.

—An Augusta lawyer says of the telephone: "No doubt after a while it will be perfected to such an extent that a lawyer can sit in his office in Augusta and argue a case before the supreme court in Atlanta, without the trouble and expense of going to that city, and at that distance you can say what you please without being liable for contempt."

STATE FAIR ITEMS.

—There are four hundred stalls in fine condition and every one will be filled.

—The Greensboro Herald predicts the fair will be the best the state has yet seen.

—Many of the articles exhibited at the Griffin fair will be sent to ours.

—The races will begin Tuesday and continue every day.

—The poultry display will be the best ever known in Georgia.

—Several of our retail merchants are going to make fancy displays in floral hall.

—The race track is completed and is considered by many good judges the finest in the south.

—A number of horses from Kentucky and Tennessee will arrive next week and be prepared for the races.

—Augusta will send up crowds of people, a military company, and three or four horses.

—It is a wise policy in the management to charge no entry fees for articles exhibited.

—Wednesday of fair week will be public school day, and thousands of children will flock to the grounds.

—Probably one hundred rooms are already engaged by parties coming to the fair. The great majority of people never think of making such preparations.

—Crowds were at the fair grounds Sunday, and all were pleased with the preparations which have been made. The grounds are in better shape now than ever before.

—"Spider," the Columbus trotter who swept the stakes at the fair of 1874, will probably enter the races, if the religious editor of the Enquirer will give his consent.

—A darkey at the fair grounds is training two or three mules for the grand plantation mule race to take place on Saturday. The purse of $100 will secure a dozen entries.

—There will be three main entrances. One for vehicles and foot passengers, another for the passengers by railroad, and a third for those who go out on street cars.

—There will probably be fifteen entries for the fireman's prize. The society has offered $250 for the first best, and J. P. Stevens & Co. have offered silver plate, worth $100, for the second best. Our boys will not be behind.

—Dr. Hape, of the council chamber, Judge Pittman, and City Engineer McDaniel have directed the improvements fully. Mayor Angier has also given them much of his attention. George Kries and Tim Murphy have superintended the work very efficiently.

PRINTERS' INK.

The Factor that Makes Business Grow.

Editors Constitution: Gentlemen—Why is it that the merchants and business men of Atlanta do not make more efforts to obtain the trade of the country on the railroads which run into the Gate City? Take the papers published on those railroads, and you will find scarcely an Atlanta advertisement. In this respect Augusta, Savannah, Macon and Columbus are all ahead of Atlanta. Knoxville advertises considerably more in the Dalton papers than Atlanta does, and, I am informed, gets more trade from that section. The state fair is nearly at hand; hundreds of people will attend it from this and the adjoining counties, and there are only two Atlanta houses that ask for their trade in the LaGrange Reporter.

My paper has a large circulation—and it is now growing more rapidly than it has in four years—in Troup, Meriwether, Heard and Harris. It is always printed legibly; advertisements in it can be read, and will be read. My rates are low. I appeal to the business men of Atlanta to give me a generous patronage, and they will not lose by it. I shall be in Atlanta to-morrow and next day (Tuesday and Wednesday) and give your business men an opportunity to say whether or not they want trade from this part of the country. Respectfully,

J. T. WATERMAN,
Editor LaGrange Reporter.

LAGRANGE, Oct. 1, 1877.

Pomological Society.

Catalogue of fruits, fully tested and recommended by the Atlanta Pomological society, ripening nearly in the order named, and we recommend that they be obtained from the nearest nursery to the locality in which they are to be planted, as the trees will be better adapted to the climate. We also recommend the testing of new varieties by all who can conveniently do so.

APPLES—Yellow May, red Astrachan, red June, yellow June, early harvest, hames, Julian, yellow horse, taunton, Farrars summer, golden russet, buncombe, Mangum, Oconee greening, Kentucky queen, Stevenson's winter, Chattahoochee greening, Yate's yellow English, nickajack, Shockley.

PEARS—Deyenne de ete, beurre giffard, Bloodgood, Clapp's favorite, kirtland, Bartlett, belle lucrative, beurre superfine, Howell, buffum, St. Michael archangel, Seckle, beurre de anjew, beurre diel, duchess de Angeulemi, Laurence, winter nelis.

PEACHES—Alexander, early Beatrice, early Louise, early rivers, early Hales, early tollotson, yellow St. Johns, Amelia early admissable, George the IV, Chinese cling, Crawford's early, Van Zandt's superb, old mixon cling, old mixon free, lemon cling, orange cling, Susquehanna, Newington cling, heath free stump the world, white English, Picquett's late, never late, Bustin's October, Baldwin's late, Anderson's June.

GRAPES—Ives seedling, Hartford prolific, Wilder, Concord, Purkins, Merrimack, Delaware, Martha, Maxitawney, Diana, Nerton's Virginia, Goethe, scuppernong, (white,) Thomas, (black.)

STRAWBERRIES—Longworth's prolific, Triomphe de Gand, Charles Denning, Wilson's Albany, Filmore.

FIGS—White 2 seasons, brown Turkey, celestial, violette hative.

CHERRIES—Early Richmond, May duke, carnation, Belle de Choisy, Governor Wood, yellow Spanish.

PLUMS—Imperial gage, yellow gage, Reine Claud de Bavay, wild goose, Brell, Newman's Cole's golden drops.

RASPBERRIES—None but black cap varieties.

BLACKBERRIES—Georgia mammoth, kittating.

QUINCES—Orange, Angiers.

APRICOTS—Moorpark, black, regal, (for experiment.)

MULBERRIES—Hixe's everbearing.

NUTS—English walnut, pecans.

GOOSEBERRIES—Houghton's seedling.

A Card.

Editors Constitution: We do not know when the chairman of the democratic committee of the city will call for nominations, but desire to mention Mr E. M. Berry as our choice for councilman from the 4th ward and trust that he may consent to the use of his name.

PROGRESS.

PLUCKY PLEVNA.

OSMAN PASHA STILL HOLDS OUT.

He Repulses Attacks on His Front and Left—As Rapid as a Bumble-Bee—The Russians Without a Head—Confusion in the Ranks of the Czar's Troops—General Toddlebin's Opinion.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 30.—The Turkish newspapers publish a report that Osman Pasha has defeated the Russians before Plevna.

The porte has refused to permit the transit of timber across the Danube for housing the Russian wounded.

OSMAN STILL ON HAND.

LONDON, October 1.—The Standard's correspondent with the Turkish army telegraphs as follows from Plevna:

"Osman Pasha's losses from Russian cannonade were exceedingly light, but on the day when he retook the redoubts on the Laftscha road, he lost 3,000 men. There are now (September 23d) only 1,900 wounded at Plevna."

The Standard's Bucharest special says: "Gen. Teddlebin's opinion of the situation at Plevna has been laid before Grand Duke Nicholas. It is understood to declare that siege operations on the most extended scale are requisite for the capture of Plevna."

The czarowitch visited Gorney Studen Saturday to relinquish command of the left flank and resume command of imperial guard. The second Turkish convoy for Plevna returned to Orkan, the Roumanian cavalry having captured eight wagons of grain.

The Grand Duke Nicholas has liver complaint.

AT SEA.

The first Turkish convoy which entered Plevna consisted of two thousand wagons. A number of wagons in the second convoy have not reported. A correspondent says of the Russians before Plevna: "They seem completely at sea. They have no plan, no idea, no head. They are waiting for reinforcements, which are arriving slowly, and which when all are here will hardly more than cover their losses by battle and sickness during the last two months. I think history offers no such example of a splendid army in such an utterly helpless condition."

Suleiman Pasha is fortifying at Shipka pass, apparently with the intention of wintering there.

HOLDING THE FORT.

This morning's Standard publishes the following special despatch: "Sofia, Sunday evening—Sept 30. Trustworthy information has been received here that Osman Pasha has repulsed the Russo-Roumanian attack on his front and left, inflicting heavy losses. It is said that he attacked the Russians on Lavatz road and recovered several positions. This seemed to agree with a report published in the Constantinople newspapers yesterday that Osman Pasha had defeated the Roumanians before Plevna, but there is no more reason to believe one than the other. The Standard's details resemble the fight of September eleventh to thirteenth remarkably, as the imperial guard numbering 56 000, is said to be due before Plevna by the fifth instant. It is highly improbable that the Russians have made a general assault without them."

THE HUNGARIAN PROJECT.

A letter from General Klapka is published touching the rumors that he was one of the leaders of the movement for the Hungarian legion in Transilvania to act in conjunction with a Turkish corps, to destroy the Roumanian railways. He knows nothing of that affair, and if he had known of it during his recent sojourn in Hungary, he would have dissuaded the country from such a project.

MEDIATION IMPOSSIBLE.

PARIS, October 1.—The Russian telegraphic agency prints a Bucharest dispatch which declares mediation impossible. A solution of the questions between Russia and Turkey must be sought for on the battle field. Diplomacy may intervene later. The same dispatch says that General Toddlebin succeeds General Zoloff as chief of staff to the Prince of Roumania before Plevna.

ORGAN OR NO ORGAN.

The National Republican Reorganized.

WASHINGTON, October 1.—The present staff of the National Republican embraces Messrs A M Clapp, editor-in-chief, N Davidson, managing editor, Charles D Flanagan, A B Tallcott, H P Goodwin and Joseph T Pates, associates. The business department is under the management of H H Clapp. The salutatory makes nearly three columns, which was generally read and discussed. The following is an extract:

"We cannot consent, by silence on that point, that our attitude towards the present national administration shall be misunderstood or misinterpreted. Having devoted our best abilities and efforts to secure the election of General Rutherford B Hayes to the presidency, as the representative of the republican party and its pronounced principles, it will be our highest pleasure to sustain all his measures and policies that are in harmony with republican principles, usages and traditions. To take any other course would, in our judgment, be inconsistent with political good faith and render us remiss in our duty. To expect more or less of us now would be to impugn our political integrity and question our good sense as republicans. We shall favor and advocate all public improvements by which inter-state commerce may be promoted and strengthened and the resources of the entire nation may be developed into wide-spread prosperity. We shall not contend for a tariff for protection, but for revenue. We are in favor of remonetizing silver and making it a legal tender of equal value with gold for all debts due the government and the people. We shall advocate the issue of greenbacks, backed by the national faith, to an amount equal to the wants of business and trade, and which shall be received the same as gold and silver for all dues to the government and individuals."

The Yellow Plague.

JACKSONVILLE, September 30.—There have been two deaths at Fernandina since last report. Captain F E Grossman, collector of the port, died last night. Three new cases are reported to-day, and several cases are extremely low to-night. Among the sick is Mayor Riddell.

AT PORT ROYAL.

AUGUSTA, GA, October 1.—It is reported that there were four deaths from yellow fever at Port Royal yesterday, and that a number of citizens have left the place.

GROWING WORSE.

JACKSONVILLE, October 1.—A dispatch from Fernandina says fifteen new cases of yellow fever developed to-day; eleven white and four colored. There has been one death from fever since the last report. Mr. James Kydd, of New York, member of the sanitary commission, is among the new cases to-day. Medical assistance has been asked from Jacksonville and Charleston.

The East Indian Horror.

LONDON, October 1.—The Times' Madras correspondent, reviewing the effects in that presidency of famine, and the diseases consequent on famine, says: "The registered deaths of the present year, up to the end of June, were 370,000 above the average. This, according to the opinion of the district officers, does not represent more than two-thirds of the actual mortality, and we have further to add deaths which have occurred since, and have not yet been officially reported." The correspondent's conclusion is that not less than 750,000 persons have fallen victims, and even these figures will be largely increased before the famine and its afterwave of suffering has finally passed away.

Lengthening the List.

BOSTON, October 1.—Another result of the tremor caused by the suspension of the Borbon Savings bank has been the suspension of the other Savings banks. There has been a run upon the bank for several days, and on Saturday it was deemed advisable that payment be suspended until the present distrust subsided. The bank has a good standing; most of its loans are good. At the last report the bank had 1,695 depositors, and the aggregate deposits were nearly five-eighths of a million.

The Cuban War.

HAVANA, October 1.—Senor Castello, with his son surrendered to the Spanish authorities on the 27th ult. Both were prominent persons in the surrender. Senor Castello was minister of foreign affairs of the Cuban government, and his son was an aide-camp of Gen Molino Gomez.

Rumors of peace are daily taking more shape, and approximate peace is generally credited.

Perils of the Sea.

WASHINGTON, October 1.—The signal observer at Fort Macon reports that part of the side of a brig or schooner and portions of a wreck have just come ashore at Cape Lookout. There is nothing to designate the name. The lighthouse people are all out looking for bodies.

Collision and Cremation.

DETROIT, October 1.—Two freight trains collided on the T. W. & W railroad, and the two engines, 15 cars and a ride-stealing tramp were burned. Loss $150,000.

TWEED AS A TEAZER

He Brings the Newspapers to Their Feet—One Editor Protests and Another Explains.

A PROTEST.

ALBANY, October 1.—The Argus contains the following: "The statement made by Mr. Tweed in his testimony before the committee of the common council relative to the Argus, alleging that this paper was subsidized by not paying money, but by putting it in appropriation bills for work supposed to have been done by it. It is simply and wholly false; false in detail and false in the total, without a foundation from the commencement to the end. The Argus company never received one dollar for any printing not actually done in strict accordance with and in full compliance of the contract or order properly given and on due authority. Not one dollar was ever appropriated for the Argus or the Argus publishing company, except in the annual supply bill, when the Argus company had a contract for doing the legislative printing. The money paid on account of such contract came from the state comptroller, and was paid out by him on sworn vouchers, showing in detail the work which was paid for, amount, and character thereof and when done, and those vouchers all passed the scrutiny of the comptroller at that time.

AN EXPLANATION.

The Evening Journal, referring to Tweed's statement, says that whether those who were editors of the Journal during the pending of the Tweed charter were or were not guilty of what is here alleged, those who succeeded them have no personal knowledge. It then quotes from the Journal of April 16th, 1867, showing that Mr George Dawson then announced his withdrawal from the editorial management of the paper, and that Mr. Demers would have entire control; that Mr. Demers assumed control, with Mr. Hutchins as his associate, and remained editor until his death, May 25, 1870, a month after the Tweed legislature adjourned. Mr. Dawson then resumed his control. Mr. Charles A. Smith, the present editor had no connection with the Journal until July 1, 1877.

KILLING IN KANSAS.

Fatal Fight between Railroad Strikers and a Sheriff's Posse—One Man Killed—The Strikers Exasperated.

LEAVENWORTH, October 1.—The laborers on the Kansas Central narrow-gauge railroad, at the end of the line near Circleville, have been on a strike for three days past, because they were not paid their wages early on Saturday morning. A party of twenty citizens left the city on a special train for the scene of the disturbance. At Holton they were joined by Sheriff Williams of Jackson county, and a posse of fifteen men. The Leavenworth men made part of the sheriff's posse. The train proceeded to the end of the track beyond Circleville. Here a large body of strikers were congregated, many on horseback, headed by a man named Hartman. The party were greeted with all kinds of abusive epithets, Hartman especially being very offensive in his language and demonstrative in his actions. Capt. Tough, formerly United States marshal for the western district of Kansas, who had been selected as the leader of the posse, commanded Hartman to halt and was answered by a pistol shot. The posse was then ordered to fire over his head, which was done, and Hartman replied with two shots from his revolver. The posse then under directions fired upon Hartman. He died the same evening. The train returned to Circleville, where it was met by a great crowd of strikers. Warrants were sworn out against Capt. Tough, who was arrested but released on his own recognizance. At Holton the train was confronted by another body of strikers, who took possession of the switch and declared they would not let the train pass unless the posse surrendered Capt. Tough to them. This was not done, and the train backed out. Subsequently the posse left the train and marched into Holton and took up quarters in the hotel, which was soon surrounded by armed strikers. Finding however that the posse was well prepared, they did not attack the house. Capt. Tough was again arrested the same night and released on a ten thousand dollar bail.

NOW HOWL!

Cassius M. Clay Kills a Negro—Is it Lawful for a Radical to Shoot a Colored Man?

CINCINNATI, October 1—Hon. Cassius M. Clay, yesterday morning shot and instantly killed a negro named Perry White. Gen. Clay had employed White's mother as cook, but finding that she had been robbing him of silverware and other articles discharged her. Yesterday morning he started from his farm six miles from Richmond, Kentucky, to visit a negro church in the neighborhood for the purpose of hiring another servant. While on the way he discovered a loose horse in the pasture near the roadside, and the negro Perry White endeavoring to conceal himself behind the animal. White had threatened Clay's life and was known as a desperate character. Upon perceiving him, Clay immediately leaped down, confronted the negro and ordered him to throw up his hands. The negro obeyed and Clay talked to him roughly and ordered him to leave the place, telling him that if he moved from his position until Clay was remounted he would kill him. As soon as Clay started for his horse, the negro rushed after him, but Clay turned suddenly, fired twice, hitting the negro in the neck and breast. General Clay then rode to town and delivered himself to the authorities. The feeling of the community is entirely with Clay. White had the reputation of being a bully and a dangerous man.

In Ashes.

NORWICH, CONN., September 30.—The large and thriving village of Putnam, in eastern Connecticut, was nearly destroyed by fire early this morning. The business portion is all gone except the National bank and the new hotel. Loss, about $200,000. The insurance is largely distributed in this state and New York companies.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 1.—The fire on the corner of Windsor and Louisiana streets was confined to the third and fourth stories, the first and second stories were deluged with water. The C. C. & I. C. R. R. Co.'s offices and Hamerston Bros., lithographers, were damaged by the water, but not seriously. The loss is $75,000.

Sale of a Railroad.

LOUISVILLE, October 1.—The Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington railroad, extending from Louisville to Mount Sterling, and from Louisville to Cincinnati, was sold by order of Chancellor Bruce to-day. A syndicate representing the second mortgage bond holders and floating creditors, purchased the line for $731,000, subject to three mortgages, one in favor of the city of Louisville for one hundred thousand, another in favor of Guthrie, Knight & Bowles for seven hundred thousand, and a third in favor of Morris, Green and others, amounting to three millions. The road is an unusually prosperous one.

On the Mexican Border.

GALVESTON, October 1.—The News' Fort Clark special says Colonel Shafter crossed the Rio Grande yesterday with six hundred men and two Gatling guns to extricate Bullis from his dangerous position. One thousand Mexicans left Piedro, Negers Naragossa, Ville Nueva to-day. Their destination is unknown.

On the Ocean Wave.

NEW YORK, OCTOBER 1.—A Norfolk dispatch of yesterday says the Gulf Stream, from Charleston, South Carolina, for New York, with an assorted cargo and fourteen passengers, after a stormy passage of four days, put in here for coal. The captain reports fearful weather on the coast, heavy northeast gales and shipping seas. No wrecks are reported.

Smoked Meat.

CINCINNATI, October 1.—Two upper floors, with their contents, of Armour & Co's packing house at the Union stock yards are burned. Loss on building $10,000. Stock damaged $3,500.

Another "Victory."

WASHINGTON, September 30.—A dispatch from Fort Clusky, September 29, reports that Lieutenant Bullis had a severe engagement with the Indians, losing several of his command. Nothing official.

A Tallow Melting.

PHILADELPHIA, October 1.—Schillenberger & Son's morocco, hides and tallow mill was totally destroyed by fire this evening. Loss $195,000, fully insured.

Dead.

HARTFORD, October 1.—Dr. Jonathan Brace, formerly pastor of the Congregational church at Milford, Connecticut, and editor of the Religious Herald, is dead, aged 67.

Archbishop Bailey

NEWARK, October 1.—The condition of Archbishop Bailey remains unchanged since yesterday.

The Prince Imperial.

BRUSSELS, October 1.—A Reuter dispatch says the Prince Imperial has left Belgium

Death of a Cardinal.

NAPLES, October 1.—Cardinal Sixte Rearo Sforza is dead; aged 67. He was created cardinal in 1846.

HAYES'S HEADQUARTERS.

NOTES FROM THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

Some More Loyal Victims of the Law—The Fight Over the Speakership—Colonel Barr Puffs a Show—The Army Increase—The Apaches Becoming Fatigued.

SOME MORE VICTIMS.

WASHINGTON, September 30.—In the case of the United States versus ex-Senator and ex-Assistant Secretary of the Treasurer Sawyer, General P. D. Roddy, Haines, ex-commissioner of customs, and F. W. Brooks, of the late firm of Parkman & Brooks, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty. The parties, except Roddy, were sent to jail to-day. Roddy is in Europe and not on trial. The defense made many exceptions, which will be heard at the general term, which commences to morrow. The convicts will be retained in jail here until the exceptions are heard and the cases finally disposed of. The parties are convicted on the count of conspiracy to pass a fraudulent claim in which $57,000 was paid to Roddy. The unfortunate Sawyer, they say, only received a thousand dollars' worth of plunder. The penalty is not less than one year's imprisonment at hard labor and the fine not less than one thousand dollars. The jury made an exception in favor of Sawyer in a recommendation for mercy, as it was not proved that he received any share. This is the famous Parkman, Brooks & Co. cotton claim of Memphis.

CALDWELL.

Hon John H. Caldwell, of Alabama, a very prominent candidate for clerk of the house of representatives, is at the National hotel.

"YES."

Questions from various parts of the union as to whether congress will certainly convene Oct. 15th are answered "yes."

ONE OF BARR'S PUFFS.

WASHINGTON, October 1st.—The California tragedian, John McCullough, opens his southern tour to-night at Richmond in Richlieu. Traveling with McCullough are Messrs. Levick & Lawrence, Miss Eleanor Cary, Mrs. Allen and others under the general management of John I. Ford.

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

It is confidently stated that Senator Wallace, of Pennsylvania, is opposing Randall for speaker, and it is somewhat more loosely stated that the Pennsylvania delegation, except one is solid for Randall.

INCREASE OF THE ARMY.

It is stated that the secretary of war will in his annual report recommend an increase of the army at the discretion of the president to a maximum of 40,000 men.

THE APACHES.

The following dispatch was received at the war department this morning:

CHICAGO, October 1st.—Information received by telegraph from department of the Missouri leads to the belief that the Apaches of Arizona who recently fled from their reservations will be obliged to surrender before long. Two Apache chiefs have already concluded to surrender. All the available troops in New Mexico are operating against them.

(Signed) P. H. SHERIDAN.

A CLOSE VOTE IN THE SENATE.

Silver Senator Sharon, of Nevada, writes that he will not be able to attend the extra session on account of private business, which amounts to the loss of one republican vote.

Judge Upton, of Oregon, qualified to-day as second comptroller of the treasury. It seems very likely that his name will be withheld until after the adjournment of the extra session, and then be submitted to a special extra session of the senate.

Morton, of Indiana, republican, and Dennis, of Maryland, democrat will be absent on account of sickness. The probabilities are that the republicans will have three majority, counting Conover and Spencer with them. The senate will be very close. Life and health insurance agents are of the opinion that probabilites favor a democratic majority. At a full attendance of the senate with ever senator faithful to his party, the roll-call will show forty republicans and thirty-three democrats. There are three vacancies from South Carolina and two from Louisiana.

The Indian council closed to-day, the government insisting that the Indians should move to the Missouri river, where their supplies are. Next spring they are promised permission to move on reservations they have selected.

The Louisville Races.

LOUISVILLE, October 1.—The fall meeting of the Louisville Jocky club began today. The weather is fine. In the mile and a quarter race, there were two starters, Tenbroeck and Courier. The former won by a length and a half. Time 2:11¾.

In the St Leger stakes, three year olds, two miles, there were seven starters—Felicia, St. Louis, Wowasnasa, Spring Branch, Lizzie Whipps, Olly Gammon, and Vera Cruz. The latter was the favorite, and won, but was pushed by Felicia and Lizzie Whipps who held the second and third positions. Time 3 35.

In the mile heats, Emma C., Yelton, Mahlstick, and Largentier started. Largentier was the favorite and won both heats. Time 1:44½ and 1:42¾. In the first heat Yelton was second and Emma C third. In the second heat, Mahlstick was second and Emma C third.

After the Louisville races Tenbroeck will be taken to Baltimore.

The Capital.

Editors Constitution: Has it escaped the minds of those who oppose the location of the state capital at Atlanta, that a few years before it was removed to Atlanta by federal authority, that there was quite a discussion among the people upon the topic of removal? And that Macon and Atlanta, were both designated as more appropriate and accessable places than Milledgville? Is it not probable that the seat of government would have been moved to one or the other of those places, if the war had not disturbed the political as well as the financial state of the people. We have no prejudices against Milledgeville, would not injure or wrong it intentionally, but if Macon and Atlanta were both more suitable and accessable before the war, are they not still more so now?

Atlanta is a live, a progressive place, imbued with the spirit of the age, jostling old ideas as well as pedestrians on the streets; keeping pace with the movements of the age. We are told that it should be returned to Milledgeville on account of its economy. Well, the late convention pressed that question of economy upon the state government very strongly and put matters in proper shape for the exercise of that demand, growing out of our financial condition, even in Atlanta. Those lessons, so forcibly impressed, will not be neglected by those who are entrusted with making suitable arrangements in the public buildings hereafter. The public property in the two cities will, if sold at a reasonable valuation, furnish means to build a new and better state capitol than either of the old ones, so on the score of economy the difference is very small. The commercial importance of Atlanta, the constant stream of live people pouring into it from every point of the compass, renders general intelligence of easier acquisition to the statesmen or legislator, as well as to every one else. While it is a financial as well as a commercial center of the state, it is also a center of general intelligence, keeping posted in the acquisition of ideas, as well as new and useful inventions, in all branches of the various industries of the people. Would not our wire-grass legislators acquire more enlarged and wholesome views of legislation there in the constant jostle of ideas than they possibly could in the dull monotony of Milledgeville?

J. BAKER.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, September 29.

G C Davis, Philadelphia; J C Woodford Edgefield, Tenn; J E Eddy and wife, S M Eddy and wife, Indiana; J C Moore, Smyrna; R T Nelms, Ga; A N Sheppy, Wilmington, Del; W S Wallace, Butler; P Weisiger, L H Hart, Sam Casper, A Milner, New York; C L Stegal, Richmond; E H Smith and family, T H Hardin, Mrs Hardin, Savannah; Sim Sligh, C E Harman, M E Thornton, W S Clarke, J J Baldwin, C O Little, city; P P Watson, B Hough, Virginia; F Jessop, York, Pa; S M Spingler, R K Warring, Baltimore, J J Clemmens, Houston, Texas; W H Crump, J W Lysle, Pittsburgh; W H Akins, Cohoes, N Y; D B A Pope, New Orleans; H F Calloway, Athens; F D Dismuke, Griffin.

ATLANTA, GA., October 1.

Miss Hattie Ray, New Orleans; J A Pattillo, Buford; J S Crosby, Dallas, Texas; Mrs L E Sanders, Columbus; James Walker, Boston; R H Herndon, Danville, Va; Jno A Miller, Ky; R M Furman, Ashville, N C; J A McCool, city; J L Fogg, Texas; J C Zimmerman, Prof S S Baldwin and wife, New York; E P Campbell, Wm Cowan, M H Nelson, Hopkinsville, Ky; Miss Mattie Humphrey, Union, S C; F M Duggar, Richmond; John I Hall, F D Dismuke, J U Horne, R H Sims, Griffin; David Walf, New York; E P Taylor, W D Hartsell, Murray co; J A Ansley, N A Smith, Americus; Frank Arnold, D M DuBose, W H Toombs, Washington; H J Lamar, L N Whittle, Macon; C A Green, Columbus; W J Branan, Ga R R; Miss Abbie Woodruff, J W Patrick, Griffin; C E Harman, Z D Harrison, C O Little, J S Akers, T H Bell, city; Milton Reese, Washington; W B Guerry, Americus; J W R Haydon, Chicago; C M Irwin, Ga; Mrs Preston Cunningham, Savannah; St Julian Ravenel, S C; G C Davis, Philadelphia; L N Trammell, Dalton; J H Linier, Covington; D M Almond, Conyers, W R Mustin, Madison; T W Gilmer, A L R R; A S Giles, Perry; J S Nichols, Chas Pratt, Marietta; Geo W Evanbert, Sam Casper, New York, W P Girardeau, Savannah; G T Dallis, LaGrange; J H Martin and two children, Columbus; Miss Eloise Johnson, Miss Minnie Johnson, Miss Alice Mathews, Miss Mary White, West End; P F Norfand, Richmond; E Y Hill, Washington; W D Elliott, J W Meador, A W Turner, Covington.

SOME OF OUR SENATORS

THE LEADERS ON EITHER SIDE AND HOW THEY DIFFER.

Old and New Faces—The Marked Men from the South and West.

Correspondence of the Graphic.

WASHINGTON, September 16.—If Oliver Perry Morton dies, the republicans in the senate will have lost their balance wheel and will work at zig-zags. He is the author and promoter of more great measures than any man who has been identified with American legislation. Since he has been in the senate nothing of moment has succeeded without his aid; everything of moment that he has opposed has failed. A chronic invalid; a man whose physical life has been a torment for twelve years; who has not drawn a breath without pain for that long time, he has been the Hercules to hold up the republican world when the knees of Altas have been staggering. He is like nothing more than the great balance-wheel of an engine. The force may have originated in an abstract motive; other men may have supplied the material and the minor parts of the machinery, but Morton, when he has engaged himself, has been the receptacle of all the force, and by constant, even revolutions, has expended that force upon the object sought until it has been accomplished. There is no man now in the senate who can take his place. There is no man living who can fill it. It is said that Governor Williams will send Dan Voorhees here to supply the vacancy, if Morton dies, until the legislature of Indiana can elect Hendricks.

Compared with Morton, Voorhees is an idle ranter. He is eloquent, but vapid; his tongue is louder than his mind. Morton is not eloquent. He uses too simple phrases when he speaks. Endeavoring to convince, not to impress, he appeals to the sober reason and not to the senses.

Conkling is the next greatest man to Morton, of the senate, but his strides are too long for the *oi barbaroi* to follow him. He is too lofty to lend himself to the common details of legislation. A great speech; a sublime apostrophe never passed a bill; no great idea was ever moulded into a fact by the use of a few exquisite paragraphs. Nobody ever goes to Conkling to say, "I wish you would help me with this bill." Nobody ever attempted a measure without making that request of Morton.

Edmunds has a shrewder mind—a "larger head"—than either Morton or Conkling, but he is one of the kind that tears down so much that people don't help him when he wants to build up. Anthony and Morrill always stand by Edmunds, and second his motions, but that is very little service when the rest of the senate are against him. Edmunds looks a hundred years old, when his age is less than half that. He looks like St. Jerome, and when in repose folds his hands across his breast as if he were accustomed to hold a skull under them.

Great things are expected of ex-Justice Davis. No man was ever half so wise as he looks. After the sergeant-at-arms had surveyed him and made a chair to fit his fine proportions, he contemplated the senate with the eyes of a man accustomed to see through things.

"Call me judge," he said when I addressed him once as Mr. Senator. "Call me judge. I've been called judge for twenty-two years, and by no other name would I smell as sweet."

The bench was irksome to Judge Davis. He was getting fatter and stupider every year, and he knew it. So he was glad that the legislature of Illinois sent him to the senate. They could not have sent a better man. He will not be so useful to his constituents as Logan, but will be of more service to the country. Logan was a better man than most of his friends knew; a better man than those who don't know him will believe. But he was a chronic growler, unless he was in a fight, and then his Irish pulse beat contentedly. Logan never did less than he promised. He would always do more. During the tiresome senatorial contest in Illinois last winter General Grant said:

"I hope Logan will be elected. He has an ugly temper, but you always know where to find him. He is the surest man to his friends I know." But, as I said, Judge Davis will be of more service to the country. He is able, judicial and probably knows more law than any man in the senate except Edmunds, perhaps. His political position is in no doubt; he defined it clearly before he left Washington last session. He will support the president.

Booth, of California, is a man that will come out prominently some day. He is cool, calm and contemplative. He is too indifferent to be warmly prejudiced for or against anything, and is accustomed to look out of impartial eyes. There is a great deal of latent ability in him, also, and when he exhibits it he will astonish people. Booth is *dilettante*. He has handsome hands, and wears them gloved. His clothes fit him too neatly to allow him to do any heavy lifting, but he is of that material that he will take off his coat when he gets interested.

Booth and Oglesby have formed a remarkable intimacy. Remarkable, because it would seem to a third party that they should repel each other, not attract. Oglesby is crude and boorish; he takes a pride in it. He says "Illenoy" and swears in the presence of such men as Frelinghuysen and William A. Wheeler. Booth thinks profanity vulgar, and has as delicate a sense of propriety as an old maid boarding school teacher. But the two men are inseparable. They walk to the capitol arm in arm every morning, and ride home together at night in the same carriage. One will wait an hour for breakfast if the other is late, and that is a test a matrimonial attachment won't stand.

From the new men that the south has sent to the senate much is expected. They are a better class than have come from there since secession, and nearly all of them have been chastened by fire. Lamar, Hill, Morgan, Garland and Harris are all triumphs of the lost cause. Each one is the best of the native class in his state, and each believes in the divine right of the states. Lamar and Hill are the ablest and best known. The former from his long prominence in the house of representatives, the latter from his debate with Blaine over the bleached bones of Andersonville.

Hill is an uneasy spirit, seldom sits in his own seat, and is given to pacing the floor like a man with a burden on his mind. This is also a characteristic of Christiancy. Hill and Christiancy resemble each other, except that the former has three or four more inches in length of spine. Both have round shoulders and faded gray eyes. They trim their whiskers alike, and are given to clasping their hands behind them. Hill is pathetic; Christiancy is judicial. Hill is a dreamer; Christiancy a student. Hill is brilliant in debate; Christiancy writes everything he speaks and reads a five minute argument from manuscript.

Lamar is nervous and vehement. When he makes a speech he exhausts his physical energy by violent gesturing and too much shaking of the head. His body is hinged at the base of the *lumbar vertebræ*, and he doubles himself up at the end of every sentence. He is troubled with a disease of the kidneys, and suffers horrors sometimes. Often after speaking he has an attack of vertigo, and has to have his collar loosened and be laid out with compresses on his head. He is politic, but cursed with an ugly temper. Interrupt him in a speech and he flies into a passion; let him alone and he will sing the song of a seraph.

Last winter at one of the democratic caucuses Lamar was urging his party to support the electoral bill. A drunken Virginia congressman reproached him with dishonoring his party.

"Take him away," cried Lamar, "take him away, or I'll kill him."

And he would have killed him had he not been taken away.

Lamar is forever preaching about political sincerity, and bewailing the hypocrisy of the times, when he is himself an outrageous hypocrite. He is like Ethan Brand, in Hawthorne's story, the man who sought through all the earth for the unpardonable sin, and at last found it, in his own heart.

Senator Hamlin called on President Hayes at the close of last session. Said he:

"Mr. President, I don't like to see you taking Lamar and Hill to your bosom. They are as wicked rebels to-day as ever they were; and are bamboozling you."

"I don't think so, senator," replied the president. "I have seen a great deal of Mr. Hill and Mr. Lamar lately, and I like them."

"I know that," said Hamlin, "an I,ll be —— if it's any credit to you."

Hamlin is the relic of the Ben Wade class of men in the senate. Honest, but intolerant. Zach Chandler was another of the class.

Gordon, from Georgia, is a man of more resources than any of his colleague from the south. He is able, energetic, self-possessed, ingenious, and a man of affairs. He had a little daughter born on the day the troops left the state house in South Carolina. He named her "Carolina," and the child died.

Garland, the new senator from Arkansas, looks like the priests that Vibert puts on his pictures. Tall, well fed, fond of spirits, a round, close shaven face, red and pulpy. He made a good governor and will make a good senator.

Morgan, of Alabama, and Harris, of Tennessee, are little men with unobtrusive gray moustaches. Morgan has no particular record, but Harris is identified with the histories of the state of Tennessee, the late confederate states of America, and the last conquest of Mexico. He has cut a wide swath in his time, and the democracy have great expectations of him in the senate.

The event of the next session of the senate will transpire when Blaine and Stanley Matthews meet. Blaine has cut switches enough to give Stanley a drubbing. Matthews is a strong debater, but whether he can stand Blaine's pugilistic oratory is doubtful. Since Matthews undertook to steer the ship of state, he has done some things that he will have to explain and defend, or Blaine will make him ridiculous.

C.

—As our reporter came along Water Street last night, shivering with the chill night air, and drawing his overcoat tightly about him, he thought, "now is the time for colds and coughs," but if poor mortals only knew what a certain cure Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is, how few would long suffer, and then it only costs twenty-cents.—*Sandusky (Ohio) Register.*

DISTINGUISHED GEORGIANS IN BALTIMORE.

Views of Hon. Robert Toombs, Alexander H. Stephens, Etc.

Baltimore Sun.

Hon. Robert Toombs, of Georgia, is in Baltimore at Barnum's, having come here to consult Dr. Chisolm in reference to his eye. Mr. Toombs is now considerably advanced in years, though retaining all the vigor and bearing of earlier manhood. He was subject to great strain during the Georgia constitutional convention, which adjourned the last of August, after a session of two months. Mr. Toombs was the author of nearly all the prominent features of the new constitution, which is to be submitted for ratification in that state.

In conversation Mr. Toombs said he was surprised to see that Roscoe Conkling's right hand had forgot its cunning. It was a happy mistake for the south, however, as Mr. Hayes would in consequence be emboldened in the pursuit of his southern policy. This is the opportunity for the south, and he might add that the "lost cause is won." He did not support Tilden, but had Tilden been president instead of Hayes the southern policy would bring out an organized opposition that would defer its practical workings for years. A constant reader of the Baltimore Sun for the past thirty years, Mr. Toombs said he was glad to find that the wisdom and sagacity which had always characterized its course towards the south, was now judiciously given to the support of the southern policy of Mr. Hayes. There can be but one of two results from this policy. If Hayes deceives the south he will split his own party, and if he succeeds in establishing his southern policy he will merely be the providential instrument of carrying out democratic principles. Mr. Hayes, after leaving the north, must have been astonished to find an absence of office-seekers in the south. In Georgia you could not find a southern man who would give his time to federal office. They are perfectly willing to leave the offices to those who may be found to fill them.

Mr. Toombs said he had declined an invitation to speak in Baltimore principally on account of his ultra conceptions of the principles of democracy, but that he would urge Mr. Alexander H. Stephens, now here, who is a moderator in views, to accept an invitation to address the people of Baltimore. Mr. Toombs leaves for New York on business, and on his return next week may stop over at Washington to see the president and some southern representatives. He says the president should be warned against a class of persons who, on representations, might seek to secure southern patronage.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, who arrived in Baltimore a day or two ago, is on a visit for a few days to Col. R. M. Johnson, his friend and biographer, at Pen Lucy, in Baltimore county. Mr. Stephens is much improved in health, and travels with very little inconvenience. He will take his seat in the house of representatives at the assembling of congress on the 15th of October. Col. Johnson has for some time been engaged in writing his biography.

Right Rev. Bishop John W. Beckwith, of the Protestant Episcopal church of Georgia, is registered at the Carrollton hotel, having arrived in Baltimore from Atlanta yesterday.

The President's Southern Tour.

Correspondence Cincinnati Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Now that the southern tour of the president with a portion of his cabinet and members of the administrative household is ended, it may not be amiss to make a brief review of it. In magnitude it exceeded anything of the kind hitherto attempted. In the early days of the republic the presidents made pilgrimages, but they were necessarily tedious and limited without railroads. Beginning at Cincinnati Monday morning and ending at Washington Tuesday evening of the following week, the presidential party, numbering about twenty-five, including the historians of the journey, traveled through nine states, made stops that could be called visits at nine cities and towns, and rode over about 1,400 miles by rail, without the slightest accident or loss of time. It is a railroad achievement of some importance when the number of different roads traversed is taken into account, and also the fact that special trains were furnished, running on special time schedules. The trip to Atlanta is due, it is said, to the energy of a railroad man, Thomas McGill, of Atlanta. When the president had declined the invitation of the committee, McGill resolved to capture the president anyhow. He first approached Mr. Evarts, who positively refused to urge the president further. McGill, not despairing, begged him to not stand in the way if the president consented. Mr. Evarts said he wanted to go, and would certainly not object. McGill then went to the president with a time schedule, showing that by traveling three nights Atlanta could be visited, Sabbath spent in Knoxville, and Washington reached by Tuesday night. The president adopted the plan, and the most importadt visit on the route was thus secured.

Work and Wages.

The hat factories at all business centres are active at present. A large factory at Newburyport, Mass., is running to 12 o'clock at night.

The monthly wages of cooks in New York ranges from $14 to $16; and in some cases as high as $18. Chambermaids get $12, laundressess $13.

The tailoring trade at St. Louis is better than it has been for some time past, and business is improving at Chicago, Cleveland and other western points.

Business in the millinery and dressmaking trades is improving at all the large business centres, and the number of hands kept in employment is increasing.

Several million dollars are invested in the manufacture of jewelry in Philadelphia. Wages range from $13 to $16 per week for jewelers, and $13 for silversmiths.

In the plumbing and tinsmith trades a fair amount of business is being done in New York, Brooklyn, St Louis and Cincinnati, and the prospect is regarded as good.

In the silk mills at Paterson, N. J., weavers get $14 per week, dyers and stringers $12; millmen $8, winders and doublers $7, danters $6, spoolers $5, reelers and tassel-makers $4, and cleaners $3.

The spinners in the Lippet cotton mill at Woonsocket, R. I, recently refused to work over-time, and were promptly discharged. At Pittsfield, Mass., some of the mills have so much to do that they run until midnight.

The painting trade is reported fair in New York, and better at Philadelphia than any time this summer. At Cleveland, Ohio, house and sign painters are getting $14 per week; decorators, $16, paper-hangers, $15, and gilders, $12.

In western towns, where flour mills are located, the coopering trade is improving, the rich harvest and good prices having stimulated the activity of the mills. The trade in New York is steady, without much activity. Business is fair at Boston, and throughout the south moderate.

Carpentering business is reported as being fair at almost all large business centres. At Newark, N. J., Thomas B. Peddle & Co.'s trunk manufactory is running on full time with 600 hands. At the Dubuque sash factories, engineers, machine hands and carpenters get from $10 to $12 per week.

Trade is good with the hardware factories throughout the eastern states. The Newark manufacturers are busy, and one house employing 300 hands is working day and night. The Providence tool company now employs 2,700 men in the manufacture of rifles for the Turkish government.

In Chicago, Cleveland and Detroit business in the shoe and leather trade is fair. At Newark, N. J., the factories are very busy at present. One establishment alone employs 400 hands on full time. Business in New York and Boston is reported fair; work in some of the Lynn shops is becoming slack.

The miners at all the coal mines except two on the Paducah and Elizabeth railroad, Ky., have struck for an increase of wages from 2¼ to 3 cents per bushel. The following is a list of the mines and the number of strikers in each: McHenry, 40; Muhlenburg, 40; Taylor, 40; Paine's, 20; Richmond, 40; Kentucky, 30; Mercer, 40. The men are quiet, offering no violence, but they say they will not work until their demand is acceded to.

Ask Yourself these Questions.

Are you a despondent sufferer from Sick Headache, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart? Have you Dizziness of the Head? Is your Nervous System depressed? Does your Blood circulate badly? Have you a Cough? Low Spirits? Coming up of the food after eating? &c., &c. All of these and much more are the direct results of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Indigestion. GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER is now acknowled by all Druggists to be a positive cure. 2,400,000 bottles were given away in the U. S. through Druggists to the people as a trial. Two doses will satisfy any person of its wonderful quality in curing all forms of Indigestion. Sample bottles 10 cts. Regular size 75 cts. Sold positively by all first-class Druggists in the United States.

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Consumption can be Cured.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC,
SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS

Are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption.

Frequently medicines that will stop a cough will occasion the death of the patient; they lock up the liver, stops the circulation of the blood, hemmorhage flows, and in fact they clog the actionof the very organs that caused the cough.

Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are the causes of two-thirds of the cases of Consumption. Many persons complain of a dull pain in the side, constipation, coated tongue, pain in the shoulder blade, feelings of drowsiness and restlessness, the food lying heavily on the stomach, accompanied with acidity and belching up of wind.

These symptom usually originate from a disordered condition of the stomach or a torpid liver.

Persons so affected, if they take one or two heavy colds, and if the cough in these cases be suddenly checked, will find the stomach and liver clogged, remaining torpid and inactive, and almost before they are aware the lungs are a mass of sores, and ulcerated, the result of which is death.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup is an expectorant which does not contain opium or anything calculated to check a cough suddenly.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic dissolves the food, mixes with the gastric juices of the stomach, aids digestion, and creates a ravenous appetite.

When the bowels are costive, skin sallow, or the symptoms otherwise of a bilious tendency, Schenck's Mandrake Pills are required.

These medicines are prepared only by
J. H. SCHENCK & SON,
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And are for sale by all druggists and dealers.
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Imported Cloaks.

300 CHOICE IMPORTED CLOAKS, in all the newest styles, just opened at
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A LARGE LOT OF

Choice Cloaks,

MANUFACTURED in exquisite style, expressly for us, will be opened this morning. Call and see them at
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO'S.
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In Chancery.

Mayor and Council of Brunswick, Georgia, vs Thos. W. Lamb and Lewis W. Harris et al.—Bill, etc., In Glynn Superior Court.

IT appearing to the Court by the allegations of complanants bill, that there has been great irregularity and confusion in the books kept by the officials, Clerks and Treasurers of the City of Brunswick, from 1865 to 1875, and no records has been kept of the bonds issued by said city, and other indebtedness created by the same and there being no other way of ascertaining the true amount of the legal indebtedness of said city, and especially as to the amount of legal and binding bonds due by said city, and which information is necessar, to be had before attempting to issue bonds for $80,000 to take up the old bonds of indebtedness of said city; and it further appearing that debts are being brought forward and pressed for payment against said city, whose legality is doubtful, said being both by bonds, accounts, etc. And it further appearing that said Mayor and Council can by law issue no more than $80,000 in new bonds to redeem said bonds, which purport to be over $200,000, and that the other indebtedness of said city purports to be over $—— and the amounts of interest on the same at 7 per centum is $11,186 and over, and whereas, the taxes the said Mayor and Council can enforce and issue, at the maximum rate of one and one half per centum allowed by law, and which said sums will not allow said Mayor and Council to either take up said outstanding bonds, pay the said floating debt or pay the interest on said indebtedness, after deducting the necessary expenses absolutely required to cary on the city government and protect property and life in said city, to bury the pauper dead and feed the poor and relieve the sick; and it being represented to this Court that it is absolutely essential to have the true amount of the indebtedness of the said City of Brunswick fixed and ascertained, and also to find out and ascertain which of said claims against said city are legal and binding and which are illegal and not binding.

It is, therefore, on motion of the Mayor and Council of the City of Brunswick, through the solicitors Mershon & Smith, and R K. Hines ordered that Benjamin F. Harris, Esq, of Glynn county, Georgia, be and he is hereby appointed as Auditor and Master of Chancery of this Court, in said case, to hear and determine upon, after a full investigation, and report to this Court on or before twenty days before the first day thereof, and after giving six weeks notice by advertising the day and place thereof, in Brunswick, Georgia, of his said meeting, upon all claims against said city, whether by note, account, bond, or otherwise; said notice to be advertised in the following newspapers, to-wit: The New York Sun, THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, The Brunswick Advertiser and The Boston Post, which said report shall fix the amount, character and dignity of such debts against said City of Brunswick, and which said report shall be accompanied by the evidence upon which it is founded.

And it is further ordered that said creditors and said City of Brunswick shall have the right to appear before said Auditor and urge or contest any debt so offered to be proven before said Auditor and Master, and that such report so filed TWENTY DAYS before the next term of this Court, shall be subject to be excepted to on or before the first day of said next term, and not after.

Signed in open Court, this May Term, 1877.
[Signed] JOHN L. HARRIS,
Judge S. C. B. C.

NOTICE.

IN obedience to the foregoing order, I will be at the Law office of Messrs. Harris & Symmes, on New Castle street, over L. D. Hoyt & Co.'s hardware store, in the City of Brunswick, on Monday, the 24th day of September next, and from that time until Saturday, October the 6th, for the purpose of hearing evidence of any and all debts, due or become due, from the city of Brunswick, whether by note, bond, or account, of determining the dignity of such indebtedness and of receiving and receipting for any and all evidences of such indebtedness, so to be proven before me. I will close the cause on Saturday October 6th, and thereafter receive no other evidence.

BENJAMIN F. HARRIS,
Auditor and Master in Chancery.
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JAMES F. HARRISON, M. D.,
August 16, 1877. Chairman of the Faculty.
560 aug23..d2taw6w

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per line each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotypes or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement of three lines, which costs but thirty cents, is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES—If you want a first class Carriage or Buggy, go to John M. Smith, formerly of the firm of McBride & Smith, 48 Broad street.
9 oct2...d1t

SPENCE & JARVIS have for sale, and make to order, fine Carriages. Buggies, Light Wagons, &c. Repairing promptly attended to. 44 Line street. 000 july25 dtf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT OR SALE—My furnished House, with gas and water. Terms low. Apply to John A. Speer, 227 Rawson street, or 14 Decatur street. 1 oct2..dtf

FOR RENT—A six room house at 207 Marietta street, with kitchen and servants' room, stable, etc. Good garden and splendid water. Apply to W. L. Abbott, at Abbott & Bro's.
574 sep30...d1t

FOR RENT—The most desirable residence in Atlanta 58 Washington street. Apply to G. P. Guilford, 52 Whitehall street.
422 aug26..sun tues thur dtf

TO RENT—From the 1st of October, the nice cottage on the corner of West Harris and Spring streets, at present occupied by Mr. Bellingrath. Apply at 174 Peachtree street.
421 sep23..tf

FOR RENT—The large Agricultural Building now occupied by Mark W. Johnson & Co., corner Alabama and Forsyth streets, can be rented on liberal terms. It is specially suited for a Cotton Warehouse. Apply to Richard S. Jefferies or Mark W. Johnson & Co.
166 sep8..dtf

FOR RENT—That elegant Store House and Basement corner Line and Pryor streets. Apply to J. W. English. 315 apr21..dtf

LARGE STORE AND BASEMENT to Rent under DeGive's Opera House, Marietta street. Apply to L. DeGive.
307 july15...dtf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—One building lot, extending from Pine street to Conner. Apply to Robert L. Crawley, Commission Merchant, Atlanta, Georgia. 2 oct2..d1t

FOR SALE—Furniture, at Castleberry & Co's new store on Marietta street, next door to McMillan & Snow's. Call and see them.
17 oct2..dtf

ROBERT L. CRAWLEY will sell his beautiful white horse. The horse is sound and gentle. 2 oct2 . d1t

FOR SALE—One new Leather Top Buggy and two sets new Harness; one Delivery Wagon and Harness; cheap. Call on Clint Taylor, No. 56 South Pryor st. 587 sep30dtf

LAND FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—I will sell low, or exchange for improved city property, 130 acres, more or less, at Rough and Ready, on the M. & W. R. R. Part cleared; balance in woods. Fine spring, etc. G. W. Adair.
557 sep30..d2t

FOR SALE—Sash, Doors, Blinds. Bankrupt sale. We have a large lot of the best quality, embracing all the usual sizes, that we will sell at cost. W. Jennings & Co., 38 Decatur street. 46 sep2—sun,tues,thus tf

ONE new 6 horse engine and boiler, one second hand 5 horse engine and boiler, in good order, suitable for ginning cotton for sale by C. H. Strong. 49 sept2tf

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—Out that all kinds of Job Printing can be as neatly, cheaply and quickly executed at The Constitution Job office. may20...dtf

LOST—Money by not having your Binding, Ruling, etc., executed at The Constitution Book Bindery. Blank Books manufactured to order. may20...dtf

WANTED.

WANTED—The lady who took a mourning lace veil from Lochrey's Dye House will please return it to the same place.
5 oct2...d1t

WANTED—I have a customer who wishes to rent an extra nice four room cottage, well located on or near the street car line Washington or McDonough streets preferred. G. W. Adair, Real Estate Agent. 12 oct2...d1t

WANTED—To exchange a good cottage home on beautiful lot in city, for small farm near Atlanta. Apply to Goodwin & Anderson, 27½ Whitehall street. 10 oct2..d2t

WANTED—A good dray mule, dray and harness. Apply at No. 15 North Forsyth street. 4 oct2 d1t

PERSONS desiring to buy Furniture will do well to call on Castleberry & Co., at their new store, on Marietta street, next door to McMillan & Snow's. 17 oct2..dtf

WANTED—I want a plain rim second-hand Show Case. G. P. Lowry, at Tommey, Stewart & Beck's. sep30...d1t

WANTED—Printing of all kinds, from the smallest card to the largest poster, books, etc., executed at the lowest prices and best styles, at The Constitution office. aug1...dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

CASTLEBERRY & CO have removed their immense stock of Furniture to Marietta street, next door to McMillan & Snow's.
17 oct2 .dtf

G. A. HOWELL has removed his law office to the Healy Building, corner Peachtree and Marietta street. Prompt and constant attention given to business entrusted to his care.
11 oct2...d t

WALKER & BOYD, General Fire Insurance Agents, have removed their office to the Hillyer Building (late Southern Life office) No. 10 Alabama street. 559 sep30..dtf

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS LOCKS, HINGES, &c., lower than any house in Georgia. W. G. Ashley, 33 South Broad street.
430 aug28...deodtf

The Atlanta Daily Constitution

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 2, 1877.

GEORGIA'S NEW CONSTITUTION. In Pamphlet form. Price, Five Cents at Counter, or Six Cents by mail. CONSTITUTION PUB. CO.

"LET US UNDERSTAND IT."

Under this head, the LaGrange Reporter, which is the fast and firm friend of Atlanta, asks the following questions:

> We publish on the first page the offer of Atlanta as to building a capitol. We want to ask more questions.
>
> 1. When does Atlanta propose to build the capitol?
>
> 2. Who is to judge whether the capitol erected comes up to Atlanta's agreement?
>
> 3. Is it true that any of the citizens of Atlanta can enjoin the mayor and council, and thus prevent the fulfillment of the contract?
>
> We ask these questions, not for the sake of fault-finding, but because Atlanta's contract appears to be indefinite. This is a business matter and should be managed in a business-like way.

As these questions are pertinent to the issue between Atlanta and Milledgeville, we proceed to answer them seriatim:

1. When the legislature of Georgia directs it.

2. The legislature of Georgia.

3. It is not true that any of the citizens of Atlanta can enjoin the mayor, and thus prevent the fulfillment of the contract. Any lawyer who has any knowledge of law, is well aware of the fact that, even if there were sufficient grounds to sustain an injunction, and the citizens stand silently by and allow this proposition to be made to, and accepted by, the people, the citizens aforesaid would be estopped from procuring aid from a court of equity in order to prevent the city from carrying out her offer. But there are no grounds upon which to base an injunction, and there is no lawyer cunning enough to make a bill stick. The new constitution provides that Atlanta shall have power to give property for the capitol, and when that instrument is adopted, it will be the supreme law of the land.

We have thus answered, as briefly as possible, the questions of our friend of the Reporter, and we trust they are satisfactory. At any rate, they are true, and that is more to the purpose

ATLANTA'S PROPOSITION.

The enemies of Atlanta are continually asserting that the proposition of Atlanta is not before the people. We give the action of the city council on the subject, and also the action of the convention authorizing the city of Atlanta to make the offer. There is nothing in the way. If the capitol is located at Atlanta, it will cost the state nothing, but she can sell the two capitols she now has, and put the money in the treasury. If it is carried to Milledgeville, it will cost over one hundred thousand dollars to fix up the old building and pay for the removal—besides that, the state will lose the building in this city, as it reverts if the capital is removed. It is not only the interest of the tax payer to keep the capital at Atlanta, but it is far more convenient and desirable to every citizen of the state, except those who are personally interested in its removal.

Here is what Atlanta proposes to do:

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, September 19, 1877.

At a called meeting of the mayor and council of the city of Atlanta, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, and the same was unanimously concurred in by the aldermanic board—viz:

Whereas, The enemies of Atlanta are representing that Atlanta's proposition to the convention was not made in good faith, and,

Whereas, It was made in the utmost good faith,

Resolved, That we do hereby repeat the same and now declare that if Atlanta is selected as the capital of the state by the people in December next, the city of Atlanta will convey to the state of Georgia any ten acres of land in or near the city of Atlanta now unoccupied, or the square in the heart of said city known as the city hall lot containing five acres of land, and bounded by a street on every side, on which to locate and build a capitol for the state.

Resolved further, That the city of Atlanta will build for the state of Georgia, on the location selected, a capitol building as good as the old capitol building in Milledgeville.

Resolved further, That a copy of this action signed by the mayor and certified to by the clerk of council under the seal of his office, shall be deposited with the governor of this state and be published for the information of the people.

N. L. ANGIER,
Mayor.

I certify that the above is a true and correct copy from the minutes of the mayor and council of the city of Atlanta, Ga.

SEAL.

FRANK T. RYAN,
City Clerk.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
ATLANTA, GA., September 19, 1877.

I hereby certify that the original of which the foregoing is a copy, signed by the mayor and city clerk, and having the corporate seal attached, has been this day deposited in the executive office and placed on file.

SEAL.

J. W. WARREN,
Sec. Ex. Dept.

The convention authorized it, as will be seen by the following proviso inserted in the constitution at the instance of Colonel Hammond for the special purpose of meeting this case. It will be found in the new constitution, article seven, section six, paragraph one:

> The general assembly shall not authorize any county, municipal corporation, or political division of this state to become a stockholder in any company, corporation or association, or to appropriate money for or to loan its credit to any corporation, company, association, institution, or individual, except for purely charitable purposes. This restriction shall not operate to prevent the support of schools by municipal corporations within their respective limits: Provided, that if any municipal corporation shall offer to the state any property for locating or building a capitol, and the state accepts such offer, the corporation may comply with such offer.

EXCEEDINGLY SUGGESTIVE.

The following extract from the Macon Telegraph, and the accompanying comments of the Columbus Times, are interesting:

> During the session of the superior court in Chattahoochee county this week a vote was taken at Cusseta on the capital question, which resulted 252 votes for Milledgeville and *two* for Atlanta, and one of the latter was from Alabama. That portion of the state is unanimous for Milledgeville.—*Macon Telegraph.*
>
> We are reliably informed—
>
> 1. That there were not near so many voters in Cusseta on any day of that court.
>
> 2. That no vote on the capital question was taken in any crowd that numbered twenty-five people, if in any assembly at all.
>
> 2. That the people of Chattahoochee county are much divided on this question—some of the most prominent men in the county being in favor of Atlanta.—*Columbus Times.*

We give editorial prominence to the foregoing for two reasons: 1st, because it shows to what means the opponents of Atlanta will resort in order to carry their ends, and because it shows that the people of Chattachoochee county are divided upon the capital question, many of the most prominent citizens being in favor of Atlanta. The entire quotation which we have made is exceedingly suggestive.

MAYOR KERCHEVAL, of Nashville, was re-elected last Saturday by a large majority, over Judge Duling, who was both the workingmen's and democratic candidate. The true inwardness of this unfortunate and unnecessary result was gas—coal gas. Judge Duling was in favor of taking possession of the gas company's property, and his opponent was not. The gas company threw all their influence and surplus money in favor of Kercheval, who is not disposed to deprive them of a good thing.

ARMY officers who are disabled for service are compelled to remain in actual service until death creates a vacancy on the retired list. The law limits the list to 300, while in the navy there is no limit whatever. There are now eighty-four officers of the army waiting to be placed on the retired list, and unless the law is changed it will be several years before all can be retired from active duty. Congress will be asked to change it this winter.

A SHARP rivalry for Senator Dennis' seat is springing up in Maryland. The eastern shore is entitled to it under a law guaranteeing a permanent senatorship, and that section presents the names of ex-Gov. Groome and Senator Dennis. It is proposed to repeal that law, and in that event the western shore will press the names of ex-Senator Hamilton and Gov. Carroll. The candidacy of Montgomery Blair is also looming into large proportions.

THE New York Sun is the only friend that Conkling has among the New York journals. Its hate of Hayes runs away with its judgment.

MISSOURI'S NEW SENATOR.

Gov. Phelps surprised even his intimate friends when he set aside all the names in the popular mind to appoint Col. David H. Armstrong, a member of St. Louis' board of police commissioners to fill the seat made vacant by the death of Senator Bogy. The new senator is a Nova Scotian by birth, but has long been a resident of St. Louis. He is sixty-five years of age. He is known as the old war-horse of the democracy in Missouri, and belongs to the aggressive wing of the party. In 1870 he was chairman of the democratic state central committee, and by many is credited with being the author of what is known in Missouri politics as the "Passive Policy," whereby the democracy let the state nominations go by default, giving their support to the liberal republican ticket, headed by B. Gratz Brown, which was elected, thus knocking the bottom clean out of the radical party, and restoring the state eventually and permanently to the democracy. Mr. Armstrong is not an orator, nor is he noted for his learning, but he has a great deal of clear grit and vim, and will make a creditable senator.

The true inwardness of the appointment is variously explained. As the legislature does not meet until January, 1879, some think that Governor Phelps himself intends to be Mr. Armstrong's successor; while others say that Governor Phelps has paid a debt which he has frequently acknowledged. When he was a candidate for governor a story was put in circulation which severely injured his character for chastity and honor toward women. It was known as the "steamboat scandal." The gist of it was an alleged assault on a respectable lady while traveling with her on the steamboat Lady Johnson from Hannibal to St. Louis. There was such a clamor about it, in and out of the party, that the democratic central committee held a meeting and discussed the propriety of forcing Phelps to withdraw from the canvass. There is no doubt that at one time the committee had resolved on this course, when Mr. Armstrong, whose influence was great, put himself into the breach, and by his persuasion induced the committee to take no notice of the story, assuring them it was an invention of the enemy, and that it would be unjust for the party to aid in the sacrifice of the man who had been its best servant in its stormiest days.

EARLY OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

Yesterday the annual town elections of Connecticut were held, and the people of the little state tried for the first time the experiment of minority representation in the selection of local officers. The new law provides that whenever the number of selectmen, assessors or officers of the poor to be chosen shall be two, four or six, no person shall vote for more than one-half of such number. If the number to be chosen be three, no person shall vote for more than two; if seven, no person shall vote for more than four. At the same time the people voted upon two proposed amendments to the constitution — one prohibiting extra compensation to any public officer during his term of service, and the other forbidding county or town aid to railroad corporations hereafter in any form. Experience has taught the people of the nutmeg state that both of these amendments are desirable.

To-day the people of Colorado vote for county and town officers, and for a supreme judge to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Wells. They will also vote upon two constitutional amendments. The lawyers have presented the name of Wilbur F. Stone for supreme judge, and no partizan nominations have been made. All the interest centers in the two amendments. One provides for the filling of vacancies on the bench without the holding of elections, and the other confers the right of suffrage upon women. The woman's suffrage association has made a vigorous canvass of the state, and they are said to be confident that Colorado will be the first state to give the ballot to women—the entering wedge of what they consider a positive step towards justice and the purification of popular suffrage.

MORE GRIST.

The Macon Telegraph admits into its columns the following from a correspondent in Bartow county, who signs himself "A Milledgeville Man:"

> THE CONSTITUTION also flaunts it in our faces that all the newspapers, Alex Stephens, Bob Toombs and John Gordon are for Atlanta. What if they are? Are they not easier subsidized than the people? The people are for Milledgeville, notwithstanding. What did Bob Toombs, Alex Stephens or John Gordon ever do for Georgia disinterestedly? All their actions are for interest and self-aggrandizement. If ever either one of the trio had one spark or glow patriotism, they should have homesteaded it at once in order to retain it.

We doubt if the author of the foregoing lives in Bartow county, but if he does, a moderately shrewd detective would have no difficulty in placing finger upon him. But this only in passing. Why did the correspondent fail to include in his reckless paragraph the names of ex-governor Charles J. Jenkins and General Alexander R. Lawton? These well known Georgians are in favor of Atlanta, and they should have figured as targets for this anonymous scribbler's wrath. It seems to us that when a newspaper correspondent proceeds to make himself an ass, he should do it thoroughly. However, we are not complaining. All such publications as the one we have quoted come as grist to the Atlanta mill.

ALL but six of the 292 members of the house have been placed on the roll and are receiving their salaries. Of the six, some of the certificates are yet due, and the cases of the others are unsettled by the clerk. The authoritative roll will not be made public until the house is called to order.

HERE is a neat little sledge-hammer. It is wielded by the Gainesville Eagle "Ham and Speer were in Atlanta as clerks in the legislature, how much were they corrupted? or has location or climate got anything to do with the honesty of a man's heart and life?"

THE lists of prominent arrivals at the hotels of New York would have an unfamiliar look if they did not contain the name of "General P. M. B Young, of Georgia."

IN GENERAL.

THE late Mr. Blaine was in Boston the other day.

THE Virginia authorities think the Moffet register is a success.

ROSCOE's curl waves proudly at the head of the Grant forces.

How to find out what's in a name—Put it on the back of a note.

GOV. FENTON says that the republican party seems to be somewhat democratized.

SAVANNAH has contributed $3,180 for the relief of the sick and destitute at Fernandina.

IT now transpires that Kate Claxton visited the patent office two hours before the fire broke out.

FROM every part of the country come accounts of the rapid revival of all kinds of business.

MR. SAMUEL L. CLEMENS says that he will not lecture this season, and adds that he has reformed forever.

ACCORDING to the Cleveland Plaindealer, "Stanley Mathews is a senator without a party and a politician without hope."

THE English commission for helping the Turkish sufferers has received £1,500 from the Rothschilds.

THE Paris exposition of 1878 is to cost $8,000,000. The original calculation was about $7,000,000.

SECRETARY SCHURZ has become the owner of the great Steinway piano which was on exhibition at the centennial.

DON'T find fault with Keeley. Pluck the beam out of your own eye before you begin to pluck the motor out of his.

THE visiting Sioux are also in favor of the old flag—and an appropriation. Mr. Hayes is the greatest of living pacificators.

NAST should give us a picture of the Oneida Peacock spreading his variegated tail feathers in the face of Harper's George William.

THE New Hampshire state agricultural college is now run for the benefit of eight students. None have entered this year.

THE climax of egotism was reached when the war correspondent of a London paper telegraphed a few weeks ago: "The Turks are evacuating the Dobrudja. I shall remain."

A RICHMOND journalist who accompanied the Hayes party through the south gets up in his sleep every night and covers pages of manuscript with "(laughter and applause.")

ROCHESTER Democrat: What the milkman said when they found a fish in the lacteal fluid: "Good heavens! the brindle cow has been in swimming again."

AN elevator costing $1,000 is to be placed in Vassar college, and the Rochester Democrat trusts that the girls will stop sliding down the banisters now.

GREENBACK clubs are forming all over the northern and northeastern portions of Texas. It seems that a strong greenback sentiment is prevailing in Texas.

THE great grandfather of Morton, the Philadelphia rogue, signed the Declaration of Independence. The great grandson signed fraudulent stock.

GOVERNOR GARDER, of Nebraska, estimates that every family that removes into Nebraska is worth at least one thousand dollars to the state.

BETS were offered in Washington Warren county, New Jersey, last week, that General McClellan would carry the state by at least twenty thousand majority. There were no takers.

MRS. HAYES has an account to settle with the Mrs. R. B. H. temperance society. It is whispered that during her southern tour she frequently looked upon the ginger-pop when it was yaller.

THE New York World, in a lengthy review of business indications in that city, shows a great increase in southern business, all the merchants being in receipt of liberal southern orders.

THE Grand Union hotel at Saratoga, which Judge Hilton closed to Jews, had a very prosperous season last summer. There were over a hundred guests in the house on the last day.

THE telephone is rapidly being put into use at Boston. About one hundred mercantile houses are already connected with every express office in the city, and there are applications for almost as many more.

THE oldest church in the Christian world is said to be at Orleansville, in the diocese of Algiers. It was erected A. D. 323, soon after the conversion of Constantine as has been recently ascertained from an inscription on the pavement of the church.

THE famous marine band is to be reduced to thirty members; and as those who remain will only receive the pay of marine sergeants, the organization will virtually be broken up. The leader, Prof. Schneider, has already accepted a situation.

MONTGOMER SEARS, of Boston, was married a few days ago, and gave his bride a wedding present of a residence costing $110,000. Mr. Sears, we understand, is not a newspaper paragrapher, and some persons may be at a loss to know how he accumulated so much wealth.

THE commissioner of the land office says that if there is no rain before the temporary roof of the patent office is completed, it will not be necessary for him to move out of his establishment. A good, sharp shower, however, within a day or two would make it necessary. It would cost $10,000 to move the land office, and delay work at least two weeks.

A VICTORIA dispatch says that an Indian woman while in bathing to-day, was seized by an octophus or devil fish, and drowned. The body was discovered by some Indians the next day lying at the bottom of the bay in the grasp of the octopus. They cut the tentacles and recovered the body.

ONE of the novelties of a new hotel in Jacksonville, Fla., is a crytal chandelier in the bridal chamber. By touching a button it is lighted; at the same moment out springs a little Cupid, who strikes a chime of bells, which peal out in sweet melody, "Rest in this Bosom," "Let me Kiss Him for His Mother," etc.

IN New Haven the other night a woman came to the police station and said she felt so remorseful for having tried to strike her husband she wanted to be locked up as a punishment. If this thing becomes anyway common the country will have to build a lot of new and commodious jails. —Old City Derrick

THE following story is told about Aristarchi Bey, who married the daughter of a Prussian general: "The general was not blessed with much wealth, but with many marriageable daughters. One day the Turkish ambassador called upon him and asked if he might hope to become the general's son-in-law. 'With pleasure,' replied General Bonin, delighted; 'how many do you want?' Aristarchi, seeing that the general took him for a Mussulman, replied with some trepidation that he was a Christian, and wanted only one. 'What a nuisance,' grumbled the general. 'Well, take which you like!'"

THE administration takes Conkling very coolly. At the white house they thought he must have acted hastily, and out of keeping with his usual good nature! Evarts said that parties in New York had always been afflicted with factions and faction fights, Secretary Sherman didn't care a continental what Conkling did, Attorney General Devens was busy with his law books, Postmaster General Key thought it was a very funny way to carry New York for the republicans, and Schurz said he was not in politics now, but simply in the administration.

THE Danville (Va.) Times assumes responsibility for this statement, to wit: "There is a man living near the railroad in Orange county, Virginia, who belonged to a Florida regiment during the war. He was wounded in one of the numerous battles fought in that portion of Virginia. The surgeon told him he could never recover the use of his leg. 'Then,' said he, 'I shall never leave this battle-field.' And he has kept his word. His tobacco lot was pointed out to us, and we were informed that he has a little factory where he makes chewing and smoking tobacco."

THE political testament of Thiers commences thus: "Faith in an immense and incomprehensible God has not left me for an instant of my life, and I wish it to be my first thought now while I turn my mind toward my end. I have always denied a personal God—a revenger endowed with all the vain splendors, and subject to the miserable passions of humanity. But I prostrate myself, confused by my littleness, before the immense uncreated cause of the Cosmos, and I confide in that provident and immutable justice which I see diffused and dominant through the whole creation."

THE torpedo experiments at Newport, R. I., yesterday, were very successful. The board, together with several other naval officers, were present. The principal experiment was the blowing up of a vessel with six 100-pounders, filled with dynamite, equal to 4,800 pounds of powder. The vessel was blown to atoms. Experiments were also made with various kinds of spar torpedoes, and two mimic battles took place in the harbor, one being between the United States steamer Nina and the government schooner Joseph Henry. The members of the board expressed themselves highly gratified with the examination and experiments.

THE ship Governor Morton, laden with cotton, was recently partially burned at New Orleans. There were 4,400 bales on board, of which 2,300 were damaged partially, and afterwards sold for from $29 to $32 per bale. All the cotton was sold for about $120,000, and the various persons interested in the salvage have put in their claims. Two-thirds, or $80,000, are claimed by the tow boat company as salvage, and $4,000 in addition for towing the ship to the cotton press. Besides this the association claims two-thirds the value of the vessel. The cotton press puts in a claim of $8,000 for storage. Two inspectors claim $1 each per bale, or $8,800, while the auctioneer's commissions, marshal's fees and court charges will reach about $20,000. The total is $120,800, leaving the cotton in debt $800. If the cotton had been entirely burned up the owners would have been $800 better off.

POLITICAL.

BET your trade dollar Mr. Conkling wishes he hadn't.—*New York Com. Adv., rep.*

THE president is looking around for more senators to kiss. Try Bruce, of Mississippi.—*Chicago Times, ind.*

WE hope Mr. Randall will get the vote of every southern congressman.—*Augusta Chronicle, dem.*

THE Hayes party is several sizes larger than it was before the Rochester disturbance.—*New York Tribune, rep.*

EVEN the most prejudiced bloody-shirtist must admit that the annual crop of negro shootings is remarkably backward in South Carolina this season.—*New York Com. Adv., rep.*

THE crowd at Atlanta was so great and Hayes was so exhausted by the ovations, that he made a solemn vow to take Jim Blaine along next time to keep the crowd away.—*Galveston News, dem.*

WHAT is republicanism, any way? It differs with each degree of longitude, and a Minnesota republican would be kicked out of the state of New York by Conkling and his crowd.—*Boston Herald, ind.*

AT Atlanta the other day a company of young Georgians paraded with a sort of rebel flag. The young men are more than silly. The war ended thirteen years ago, when those Atlanta youths should have been in school and preparing themselves to understand a few historical facts.—*Boston Advertiser, rep.*

SENATOR SPENCER, of Alabama, proposes to reveal the secret of Mr. Hilliard's appointment to the Brazilian mission. He is a fellow old whig and old Virginian with Dick Thompson, of the navy department, and Spencer caught them calling each other "Richard" and "Henry."—*Columbus Enquirer, dem.*

THERE appears to be but one course for Mr. Hayes to take, therefore. Peaceful, and averse to strife, as he is inclined to be, he must fight. The path of reform is always thorny and rugged, and in this case there is a lion in the way. That lion is Senator Conkling. He must be slain.—*St Louis Republican, dem.*

SECTIONAL dislike is disappearing as if by magic, and the gospel of hatred is nearly closed. Even the New York Tribune is now an outspoken admirer of the peace policy, and argues that no other city is so much interested as New York in the complete success of the president's southern policy. Mr. Conkling has missed the current.—*New Orleans Picayune, dem.*

THE story has been started that a confederate flag was displayed at Atlanta during the president's reception at that place. It may be a fact, as we all know the fool-killer has not recently given that close attention to business which the fool crop has seemed to call for. Under the circumstances, it is remarkable that the administration ever lived to reach Washington. How it got safely around that confederate flag ought to be explained, for it was a narrow escape. If there are any more confederate flags at large in Georgia, let them be caged at once. The people of the north don't want to be terrorized and kept awake o' nights by a confederate flag.—*Philadelphia Times, ind.*

THE president liked Virginia very well; but Mr. Evarts said he didn't see why in thunder, when an individual journeying through the old dominion for diplomatic purposes, thought fit to approach an establishment dealing in beverages of a refreshing nature, for the purpose of requesting a diminutive portion of what some people might be inclined to term an exhilarating and thoroughly national compounded solution, the agent in charge of affairs at that establishment need be required before acceding to the legitimate demands of the party of the first part, to produce a disagreeable and startling tintinnabulation by means of a disreputable invention, which should, and, in his judgment was intended to be confined to the use of those having the direction of the monetary interest of such ordinary street vehicles as were employed as common carriers by the general public.—*Boston Globe, dem.*

THE south don't want much. It only wants just now, Herschel V. Johnson in the supreme court, a small subsidy in millions for the Texas Pacific railroad, an enlargement of the jurisdiction and powers of the southern claims commission so as to admit all, or nearly all, the claims heretofore rejected, and a pension for rebel soldiers, their widows and orphans. This will do for the present. By and by they want Ben Hill for president, pay for their slaves, and the government to assume the rebel war debt with possibly the addition of other obligations incurred since the war which southern states have found and are about to find convenient to repudiate. These are certainly modest demands from those who "vainly fought to save" the south, and a strict pursuance of the president's policy will concede them all, and more too, if it is asked.—*Burlington Hawkeye, rep.*

WHEREIN have the southern people—the ex-confederates, the ex-rebels—been ill treated? When their great crime was defeated of its object, after our coffers had been emptied, and almost every household shrouded in mourning, what revenge did the northern people wreak upon the authors of the war? Did they hang the leaders of the rebellion for treason?

No.

Did they confiscate their property?

No.

Did they forbid their restoration to citizenship?

No.

Did they deny them any right under heaven enjoyed by those who remained loyal to the government?

Not one.

The grass had hardly grown green over the graves of the men who gave up their lives to prevent the destruction of the government before those who wrought their deaths were in full possession of every privilege enjoyed by any American citizen.

What, then, has been the trouble?

Simply this: The constitution and the laws give to all citizens without distinction of color the right to act, speak and vote as they will, and pledge them the equal protection of the law. This supreme enactment has been defied, trampled under foot, spit upon, and insulted wherever the absence of federal authority has made it safe to do so. Here in the north we obeyed the constitution and the laws, and respected the rights of all men. But the ex-rebels of the south claimed a privilege we did not and would not enjoy—the privilege of denying the rights of a portion of their fellow-citizens; and it has been this claim—still theoretically opposed, but practically conceded—that has occasioned the trouble.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean rep.*

HOME POLITICS.

THERE seems to be a growing activity among the politicians, both large and small.

IT is not known whether Turnbull, of Banks, will run for the legislature or not, but if he does, he will be elected.

THERE is some talk of running Emory Speer for the lower house from Clark county.

RICHMOND county wants the senator from the eighteenth this time, and the Augusta Chronicle makes out a pretty fair case for her.

IT is thought that the convention of the eighteenth district will be held in Louisville.

WHY doesn't some editor jump up and run for the legislature? He would take a special oath to keep the peace, but what difference does that make?

WHY don't the people of McIntosh club together and send Grubb, of the Darien Gazette to the legislature? He is young, but he would make a good one.

COL. THOMAS J. SIMMONS, of Bibb, seems to be the most prominently spoken of in connection with the vacancy on the bench of the Macon circuit, occasioned by the death of Judge Barnard Hill.

DARIEN GAZETTE: We are informed that quite a number of gentlemen are aspiring for the seat in the house of representatives now occupied by Capt. Wm. Henry Atwood. From what we can gather we would judge that the senatorship will not go abegging, either.

THUS far Franklin appears to be the banner county in Georgia as far as politics are concerned. The Register says the indications now are that a candidate for the legislature will have to be drafted. Four dollars a day isn't a very big pile to run after, to be sure.

IT is understood that the Hon. Bolivar Bulldozer, the Hon. Buncombe Bogardus, and the Hon. Potiphar Peagreen will all be returned to their respective seats in the legislature by handsome majorities. We are indeed gratified to learn that the legislature will not lack its usual leaven of comedy.

A WRITER in the Eatonton Messenger advocates the re-election of Hon. John A. Reid of Putnam, to the general assembly. We don't know what the people of Putnam think about it, but it is well known hereabouts that he was one of the best men in the late house of representatives. He was prompt, thorough and untiring—as efficient in debate as he was in the committee room.

THE Hon. Farish Furman, of Milledgeville, made a speech in Eatonton the other day in favor of his town as the capital. Furman has zeal enough to remove two capitals, if one man's zeal could do it, and his speech was probably well enough in its way; but, alas! words flee away with the wind, while THE CONSTITUTION visits Eatonton every day in the year.

COLUMBUS ENQUIRER: We again repeat let us have no nominations in our district this year. The offices are the goals of ambition. Do not weight a single racer or bar him the track; let all enter. The people will let it be known who has won. Let us have the old fashioned stump speeches, where each can evince his ability and fitness. Let it be a free for all contest. From the figures published yesterday it will be noted Muscogee has 78 more white votes than both of the other two counties in this senatorial district. By this we do not mean to claim any advantage. We are confident our people desire perfect fairness and that all democrats be allowed to enter the field without prejudice, and have a free, open encounter.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Boots and Shoes.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,

66 AND 68 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

DRY GOODS STORE.

BLACK SILKS—The largest stock of Black Silks in Atlanta, that we will sell at prices never before seen in this market.

Cashmeres, Alapacas, Basket Cloths, Lustres, Camels Hair and Knickerbocker Suitings, Water Proofs in every style and quality.

COLORED SILKS.—All the new shades in Plum, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Medium Brown, Myrtle Green, Prune, Parti Colors, etc. We have four different grades of these goods and can satisfy the most fastidious in price and quality.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to a large purchase of Black and Colored Silk bought at auction, in addition to our regular stock of these goods.

HOSIERY.—No less than 85 different styles Gents', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hosiery. In this department will be found everything from a ten cent quality to the finest.

LACES.—All kinds, prices and widths.

CORSETS.—Our "Bon Ton"—the best in America—every pair warranted. Misses' Skirt-Supporting Corsets on hand.

KID GLOVES.—We have invested twice as much as usual in Kid Gloves, in a variety of qualities and can furnish any style and price needed.

CLOAKS.—Will open this week all the novelties in Cloaks.

GENTS' AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR—A very large assortment of best makes.

CASHMERES, Jeans, Blankets, Bleached and Brown Sheetings, and Shirtings, and Flannels in large quantities lower than ever before offered.

BLACK CASHMERES AND COLORED CASHMERES—We have bought in large quantities and must sell them, hence have made prices astonishingly low.

DRESS GOODS in styles and qualities too numerous to mention.
458 sep23 d1m

CARPETS, CARPETS.

BODY BRUSSELS,

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,

THREE PLY.

Best ingrains medium and low priced carpets.

THIS SEASON HAS furnished the most beautiful designs in carpets we have seen. We have prepared for the carpet trade a much larger stock than usual, and of entirely new designs.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, all widths and qualities for halls and dining rooms. Table oil cloths, all colors and widths.

WINDOW SHADES, cornice, lace curtains, repps and brocatelle for lambregrins, lace lambregrins, etc, etc.

WALL PAPER, several hundred of latest patterns in wall paper and borderings.

REMEMBER this is a separate store from our dry goods and boot and shoe store, under same roof, and handling large quantities of these goods, cannot be undersold. An examination of this stock will pay you.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We have fitted up in connection with dry goods and carpet store, a room of equal size to either, and we have opened one of the largest stocks of

GENTS',

LADIES',

MISSES', and

CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters in the State.

These goods are every pair made to order, and fresh from the hands of the manufacturer.

WE WARRANT EVERY PAIR, and guarantee prices lower than elsewhere, as we have bought in large quantities for cash exclusively.

This is strictly a shoe store, not a few styles mixed up with dry goods, but SEPARATE SHOE STORE, and in it can be found everything from a brogan to the finest Gents', Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes and Boots made, without shoddy or bad material.

SHOE FINDINGS.—A full supply of Shoe Findings, Leather, etc., on hand.

THE OCTOBER MOSQUITO.

Culex Pipens is his name,
And on the wings of night he came.

Softly he paused above her bed
And sighed as he gazed on her sleeping head.

Sighed as he saw her so white and still,
And began to whet his little bill.

A meal more fair, and blood more sweet
Ne'er could it be his lot to eat.

But he paused in the light of the rising moon
And gaily hummed a little tune.

And gave, ere his bloody meal was made,
A snatch of a midnight serenade.

Then he said to himself, "I will make this raid
At the head of my gallant night brigade."

So he marshaled them quickly in battle array,
And ordered a charge on the left, right away.

"Here, Corporal Bite! move round by her toes,
And take by assault the bridge of her nose!

By company right wheel! there's an eyebrow
hard by,
Now comrades, come on! and we'll charge her
right eye!

In columns of fours we'll attack her left ear,
And endeavor to take her in flank and in rear!

Alas for the sleeper! alas for the foe!
The carnage was dreadful! on nose and on toe.

And long ere the morning sun had shed
Its cheering light on the sleeper's bed,

Full many a battle mark and scar
Dotted the red field near and far;

But Culex Pipens floated away
As fresh as when he entered the fray.

OWL.

On the Toilet Tables of the *beau monde*, that delightful and healthful elixir, SOZODONT, is always found. There is nothing comparable to it for rendering the teeth spotless, and preventing their decay. Those who use it exhale fragrance when they open their mouths.
oct2 deod1w&w1t

—The Boston "Atlas" in 1837 advertised that "an experience of *five* years has demonstrated of Fairbanks' Scales that for accuracy, convenience and durability they are unrivaled." The *Atlas* and most of the men who made it are dead, but the Fairbanks' Scale, retaining and increasing its merits, has enlarged its domain until it has become the recognized standard of the world—all within the lifetime of its inventor.
N. Y. Evening Post. 3

New Advertisements.

Administratrix Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, I will sell before the Court House door of said county, on the first Tuesday in November, 1877, within the legal hours of sale, the following real estate, to wit:

Part of city lot number three, block 6, land lot 77, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, known in the subdivision of R. S. Gardner property as lots Nos. 2 and 4, each lot fronting on Hunter street, in the city of Atlanta, fifty feet and running back one hundred and five feet. Said lots are well improved.

I will sell at the same time a vacant lot adjoining the above described property, fronting on Hunter street fifty feet and running back one hundred and five feet.

Sold as the property of the estate of D. C. O'Keefe, deceased, for the benefit of heirs, &c. Terms cash. October 1, 1877.

SALLIE F. O'KEEFE,
Administratrix of estate of D. C. O'Keefe, deceased. 000 oct2..d1aw4w

Executor's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of the power given us in the last will of Isaac P. Gay, deceased, of Fayette county, Georgia, will be sold before the Court House door in Fayetteville, Fayette county, Georgia, within the usual hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in November next, the following described real estate, to-wit:

Lot of land number forty eight (48), lot of land number one hundred and ninety-two (192), lot of land number one hundred and ninety-four (194), lot of land number six (6), lot of land number seventeen (17), lot of land number eighteen (18), each of said lots containing two hundred two and a half acres, more or less. Fractional lot number sixteen (16), containing one hundred and sixty-five acres, east half of lot of land number twenty eight (28), containing one hundred acres; sixty-seven acres of land off of the southside of lot of land number five (5), and forty acres of and out of the —— corner of lot of land number one hundred and sixty-one (161) all situate, lying and being in the sixth district of Fayette county, Georgia, and known and belonging to that valuable plantation of Isaac P. Gay, deceased.

Sold for distribution among the legatees under the will.

Terms One-half cash; balance on twelve months time with legal interest.

For further information call on undersigned on said place. This September 24, 1877.

W. J. GAY,
SANFORD GAY,
T. G. GAY,
Executors on the estate of Isaac P. Gay, deceased. 7 oct2..wtds

GEORGIA, Fayette county.

Ordinary's Office, October 1, 1877.

WHEREAS, E. W. Leach, guardian of the minor children of Jeptha Landrum, Jr., deceased, applies for leave to sell the real estate of said minors, to the benefit of said minors:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections, if any exist, on or before the first Monday in November next, else leave to sell will be granted the applicant.

L. B. GRIGGS,
Ordinary.
8 oct2...w4w

The Georgia State Fair

Will be held in ATLANTA, beginning

Monday, October 15th, 1877

AND CONTINUING ONE WEEK.

LARGE and Liberal Premiums for Stock, Manufactures, Machinery, Agricultural Implements, Fancy Work of Ladies, Fine Arts and Farm Products are offered.

Premium Lists and other information can be obtained by application to

MALCOLM JOHNSTON, Secretary,
297 aug18..dtiloct15 Atlanta, Ga.

Business Directory.

DR. JAS. ALLEN LINK,
Dentist,

63 WHITEHALL, corner of Hunter street. Residence 43 Cooper street.
439 july24. 1877. d6m

D. SMITH
Dentist.

Office 66 and Residence 173 Whitehall Street
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
nov28,1876—d1y

Lawyers.

G. A. HOWELL,
Attorney at Law,

HEALEY'S NEW BUILDING, corner Marietta and Peachtree streets.
612 sep30..d1m

ANDREW BATES,
Attorney at Law
GRANT'S NEW BUILDING,
40 Marietta Street,
ATLANTA.................................GEORGIA
71 apr8 1877 d6m

ASA M. JACKSON. L. W. THOMAS
JACKSON & THOMAS,
Attorneys at Law
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
718 may9 1877..d1y

J. B. REDWINE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

OFFICE, No. 14½ Whitehall street, James Bank Block, room 6. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Special references: Hon. John H. James, Atlanta; General Alfred Austell. 369 june26...dtf

GEO F. WOOTEN,
Attorney at Law
AND
GENERAL COLLECTING AGENT
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

I MAKE all kinds of collecting a SPECIALTY and have in my employ efficient subordinates whose single duty is to assist in finding delinquent debtors, and by continued "dunning" making them pay. ☞ No charge for services attaches to any claim unless a collection is made. Office: In Railroad Block, (up-stairs) opposite National Hotel. 00 apr8,1877...d1y

R. A. MASSEY,
Attorney at Law
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in the counties of Douglas, Campbell, Carroll, Cobb and Paulding, and also in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Atlanta. jan30,1877—d12m

B. L. BERNER. C. A. TURNER
BERNER & TURNER,
Attorneys at Law
FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

WILL practice in all the Courts, and give special attention to the collection of claims. Refer to Wm. H. Head, Banker, Forsyth, Ga. Dumas & Allen, Cotton Factors, Forsyth, Ga.
feb1,1877—d1y

LEONARD PHINIZY,
Attorney at Law
S. E. Corner Broad and McIntosh streets,
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

References by permission—J. M. Bradstreet Son & Co., Augusta, Ga.; Wm. T. Wheless, President Commercial Bank, Augusta, Ga.; Alfred Baker, President National Exchange Bank, Augusta, Ga.; Hon. John P. King, President Georgia R. R. & Bk'g Co., Augusta, Ga.; John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Y. L. G. Harris President Southern Mutual Ins. Co., Athens, Ga.
☞ Claims collected in any part of the State
feb26,1877 d1y

R. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law
MADISON, GEORGIA.

REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. A. Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese. Judge Geo. T. Bartlett, Col. G. W. Adair. june9—dtf

LUTHER J. GLENN. HOWELL C. GLENN
L. J. GLENN & SON,
Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the room formerly occupied by Gartrell & Wright, in the Muhlinbrink Building, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. dec31—dtf

O. A. LOCHRANE,
Attorney at Law
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar22—dtf

Notice in Bankruptcy.

NORTHERN DISTRICT of Georgia. At Atlanta, the 10th day of September, 1877.

This is to give notice that I have been appointed Assignee of the estate of Warren Jourdan, of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

RICHARD J. GODFREY.
229 sep11...d1aw3w Atlanta.

Libel for Divorce.

Georgia, Fulton county—Superior Court, Spring Term, before Hon. George Hillyer. Libel for Divorce—Phillip K. Fowler vs. Nancy Jane Fowler.

IT appearing to the Court by the return of the Sheriff, that the defendant does not reside in this county, and it further appearing that she does not reside in this State, it is, on motion of counsel, ordered that said defendant appear and answer, at the next term of this Court, else that the case be considered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed. And it is further ordered that this rule be published in The Atlanta Constitution once a month for four months.

REINHARDT & HOOKS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

A true extract from the minutes,
JAMES D. COLLINS C. S. C.

Charlotte Hotel,

TRYON STREET,
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.

TERMS—$2 00 and $1 50 per day, according to location Room. Single Meals 50 Cents. This Hotel is situated in the heart of the city, convenient to the Railroad Depots and principal business houses. J. RILEY DAVIDSON,
164 sep8...dtf Proprietor.

Amusements.

Opera House.

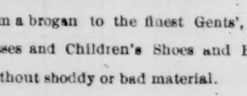
TWO EVENINGS ONLY,
Friday and Saturday Oct 5th and 6th, and Saturday Matinee.
CHAS. H. PRATT..............................MANAGER.
The Most Finished Entertainment of America.
The Marvelous Living Wonder in Comedy,

SOL SMITH RUSSELL

and his Great Concert Troupe
JULES M. PACKARD ....Musical Director
Comprising the following artists:
Miss DORA WILEY, Soprano.
Miss ANNA HOLBROOK, Contralto.
Miss ANNIE L'ESTELLE, Pianist.
Miss HELEN M[illegible], Mezzo Soprano.
Mr. JULES G. LUMBARD, Profundo Basso,
Mr LOUIS P. FAU, Tenor,
Mr. WALTER POND, Baritone,
And the inimitable
SOL SMITH RUSSELL

Doors open at 7; Concert commences at 8. Scale of Prices—75 cents and 50 cents. Matinee prices, 50 cents to all parts of the house. Seats can be secured in advance at Phillips & Crew's book store without extra charge.
549 sep30..6t THOS. W. BROWN, Agent.

THE RACES



First Day---Tuesday, October 16, 1877.
TROTTING RACE.
Mile Heats 3 in 5 for Stallions that have season in Georgia.
Purse $200..............$150 to first; $50

Second Day---Wednesday, October 17, 1877.
RUNNING RACE.
One and one half mile dash.
Purse [illegible]00..............$150 to first; $50
TROTTING RACE.
For horses that have never beaten 2:40. 1
Purse $200.............$150 to first; $50 to second.

Third Day---Thursday, October 18, 1877.
RUNNING RACE.
Mile heats 3 in 5; for all ages.
Purse $500..............$400 to first; $100 to second
TROTTING RACE.
For horses that have never beaten 2:25. Mile heats
Purse $200.............$150 to first; $50 to second.

Fourth Day---Friday, October 19, 1877.
RUNNING RACE.
Mile Heats.
Purse $200..............$150 to first; $50 to second.
TROTTING RACE.
Free for all. Mile heats 3 in 5.
Purse $500..............$400 to first; $100 to second

Fifth Day---Saturday, October 20, 1877.
PLANTATION MULE RACE.
Entrance fee $5. Single dash of one mile. Negro riders without saddles.
Purse $100.

☞ Entrance on all purses 5 per cent. Not less than three to enter and two to start. No walk-over entitles horse to money. Entries for each race close at 7 p. m., the evening previous.
☞ All races to be conducted under the rules of the Kentucky Association of Lexington.
☞ It is the desire of the management that all entries be made at as early a period as practicable.

CITIZENS' PURSE COMMITTEE.

J. W. ENGLISH,	R. J. LOWRY,
PAUL JONES,	W. C. MORRILL,
ED. MERCER,	JOHN SILVEY,
AARON HAAS	J. C. RANSOM, Sec'ty.

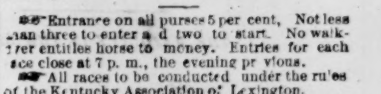
297 sep16...dtd

Undertakers.

FRANK X. BLILEY,
City Funeral Undertaker,
AND
Agent for the Egyptian Balm.

I HAVE the largest stock of Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets in the State. My stock of Wooden Coffins and Caskets is full and complete, and I can sell them cheaper than any other house in the city. Come and examine before you buy elsewhere. Orders from abroad will receive prompt attention.

Office and Ware rooms No. 26 West Alabama, between Broad and Forsyth streets, Atlanta, Ga.
230 sep11...dtf FRANK X. BLILEY.



C. H. SWIFT, Ag't
FOR
O. H. Jones and W. D. Luckie

DEALER in Metallic and Wooden Burial Caskets and Cases. The only house in the city that sells the celebrated "Fisk Patent Metallic Burial Caskets and Cases."
Bodies preserved by the freezing process.
Orders from abroad, by telegram or letter promptly attended to. oct15-d1y

A RARE CHANCE.

ONE-HALF INTEREST in the COVINGTON ENTERPRISE is offered FOR SALE. The paper is twelve years old, has a good run of home and foreign patronage. Can be bought low down.
Address SI HAWKINS,
10,27...dtf dh Covington, Ga.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—Darien wants a marine hospital.

—October raised the dust just as soon as she got in town—the saucy jade.

—Col. Jones wrote up the Houston county fair for the Macon Telegraph.

—Seventy-eight Georgia editors can't spell chinquapin. By the by, is that right?

—The Old Capital seems to have cut us off its exchange list—the naughty, naughty thing!

—Why can't Chatham send Joe Warren to the legislature? We want some stranger to eat Norfolk oysters with.

—If you want to see negro minstrels come to Atlanta next week and the week after.

—Those who think the fair is going to be a failure should come and view the remains for themselves.

—Mr. Jas. S. Nathans will soon resume the publication of the Brunswick Appeal.

—Northern capitalists are investing quite freely in gold mining property in Lumpkin county.

—There are eight quartz mills in operation within an area of seven miles around Dalton.

—The Houston county fair was a great success. General Gordon was on hand and spoke to a large and enthusiastic audience.

—A colored preacher was put in jail in Stewart county recently for stealing cotton, and consequently couldn't preach to his congregation the following Sunday.

—The Register says that a farmer in Franklin county swears that he will not be taxed to repair the "halls of his fathers." He says he will erect him a fort, supply it with arms and provisions and will dare the collector to come within rifle shot. He is bound to write "Atlanta" on his ticket.

—Col. Furman, of Milledgeville, is making speeches around through the country in favor of Milledgeville. In our mind's eye we can see the eagle-eyed orator, with his coat-sleeves drawn up above his elbows, pumping up the eloquence that dwells in the depths of his soul, the women and children weeping bitterly and strong men shouting "Give us Atlanta!"

—General Eli Warren, of Perry, has a wonderful memory. He repeated to Colonel Jones the other day, word for word the inaugural address of Governor Troup, which was delivered more than fifty years ago, and which has never been written out. Joe Warren, of Savannah, the son of the general, hasn't got such a memory as that. He can't even remember how many rice-birds he can eat at one sitting.

—The Albany News learns that Col. Lockett's convicts are working finely, and there is now very little sickness among the great number. In this connection we desire to call attention to the fact that Colonel Lockett buys every dollar's worth of provisions, clothing and medicine he uses on his farms, from merchants of Albany, and that he will sell every bale of cotton he produces in this market. He will not have to buy a bushel of corn next year, and will raise enough meat to feed his hands, and give them lessons in stock-raising—horses, cattle, hogs, sheep, etc.

—Darien Gazette: The Jonas Smith arrived in port Sunday evening last, having been picked up by the steamer Dictator and towed into Doboy. The sails were all gone, both anchors lost, [illegible] a very bad condition generally. [illegible] Jonas Smith left Boston for Savannah [illegible] a cargo of ice the 28th of [illegible] has been coming ever since. [illegible] of the Dictator claims to have found the schooner off Sapelo island in three fathoms of water, and drifting ashore. Capt. Carl Christian, colored, was in Darien on Monday, but his stay was so short that we did not have the opportunity of meeting him. He is said to have been very reticent.

—Augusta Chronicle, Sunday: This morning, about half-past 12 o'clock, a difficulty occurred between two colored men, Aaron Hampton and Brad McKines, near the Red Doors' saloon, at the intersection of Jackson and McIntosh streets with the Savannah road. The parties, it seems, had been drinking, and, meeting last evening, renewed an old grudge, which, resulting in a quarrel, ended in Brad's being stabbed in the neck by Hampton, the cut ranging downward and killing him almost instantly. Intelligence was immediately communicated to the police authorities, who, up to half-past one this morning, had obtained no clue as to the whereabouts of the murderer. When last seen he was rapidly posting off in the direction of the Patapsco Guano Works. Brad McKines was a drayman for Messrs. Geo. T. Jackson & Co.

—Darien Gazette: The equinoctial storm of this year, although not a cyclone, which was heralded to us by the signal bureau, has none the less proved damaging and disastrous. For now nearly ten days the wind has been from the northeast, backing slightly to the north and west, accompanied by almost uninterrupted rain. For many years no such rains have been experienced in this section, and we fear much damage has resulted to the rice crops on the Altamaha, as our rice planters were in the midst of their harvest, and had much of the grain on the stubble. Much of the rice, too, that was cut and shocked up in the field has suffered by the flooding of fields and the beating force of the rain. Much of this rice has sprouted, but of the extent of the damage we can as yet say nothing definite, although we have heard it estimated at ten per cent. Many fields also have been ready for the sickle for more than a week and await a change in the weather for reaping. These heavy rains we fear are not the worst to be experienced, for if this like quantity of water has fallen in the up country, we may reasonably look for a heavy freshet. We only hope that the worst has been realized.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

Gleanings from our Southern Exchanges.

—Eighty thousand cattle are to be shipped in one lot from Taylor, Texas.

—Captain James Iredell Waddell was in Mobile during the past week.

—An average of at least 500 tons of granite is shipped from Richmond to Philadelphia each week.

—Common Texas item: Dudley Hansford was hanged by a mob of forty men this morning, near his home, two miles from Perry, in this county. Too much cattle.

—The Jonas Smith, the negro ice-boat that has been drifting for months from Boston towards Savannah, is now known as the Phantom Ship and the Ocean Tramp.

—Hayes found one old line whig in the south. Colonel W. W. Gates, the venerable editor of the resuscitated West Tennessee Whig, nominates Hayes and Hampton for 1880.

—Lebanon (Tenn.) Herald: We are informed that twenty-three children have died of diptheria, in the fifteenth district of this county, within the last four weeks, and that others are expected to die soon.

—The Mobile Register says Captain Indell is now visiting the gulf states, at the instance of the Pacific mail company, with a view of establishing a steamship line from Cedar Keys.

—Holly Springs (Miss.) Reporter: Hundreds of fine mules are yearly killed up by hard usage and want of attention. Mules are cash. Selling them is making the west rich. Buying them, and not taking care of them, is making the south poor.

—Vicksburg (Miss.) Herald: We are in favor of changing the constitution of the state, to take effect in 1882, as follows: No person shall be allowed to vote unless he can read and write, and no person shall be allowed to vote until he has paid a poll tax of at least one dollar.

—All of the Virginia papers have much to say of Rev. James A. Duncan, D. D., the eminent Methodist divine who died last week. The Whig says he would have been made a bishop had not his friends voted against him in order to retain his services as president of Randolph-Macon college.

—H. M. Irley, colored, was recently waylaid and shot from the roadside, near Newberry, S. C. Forty shot and one slug took effect in his shoulder, and he will probably die. Alfred Shell and Henry Copeland, both colored, have been arrested, charged with the shooting. A feud of long standing was the cause.

—From the Shreveport Times we learn that the people of north Louisiana east Texas and south Arkansas who are dependent on the Red river as an outlet for their products, intend to ask at the next session of congress for an appropriation of $200,000 to secure low-water navigation in that river all the year round.

—A Richmond, Va., judge decided that a prisoner who had been sentenced to pay a fine to the state for a misdemeanor could not be discharged by offering to pay said fine in coupons of the bonded debt of the state. An appeal has been taken.

—Raleigh Observer: There was registered yesterday in the department of agriculture 22,000 acres of land in the county of Burke, and 2,000 in the county of McDowell. The Burke lands are offered at 60 cents per acre, and the McDowell lands at $2 50 per acre.

—General John B. Gordon entered the confederate service as captain of the "Raccoon Roughs." Before taking the field for active duty, however, he was elected major of the sixth Alabama regiment. He was elected in spite of his modest assertion "that he was no military man."

—Dallas (Texas) Herald: He was a wild Texan, just from the frontier, and had boarded the train at Fort Worth for Dallas. It was his first ride on the "keers," and as the conductor reached in his hip pocket for his punch, the sharp eye of Texas caught a glimpse of its polished handle, and quick as thought he levelled a navy six on that conductor, saying: "Put 'er up, or I'll blow daylight through you. No man can get the drop on me."

—Gen. Walker, conservative candidate for lieutenant governor of Virginia, is charged with going back on the platform, and a formidable movement is on foot to have him removed and a new man substituted. The Whig says: We feel that good conservatives would be perfectly justified in any course of opposition they might adopt to the wanton and unprovoked conduct of the nominee for lieutenant governor. But we counsel no action—not deeming it a matter of much consequence whether he be elected or defeated.

—The Raleigh Observer learns that on Monday last in Madison county, N. H. Rice attempted to arrest W. Y. Davis, who was convicted of the murder of Benjamin Inman and after sentence made his escape. Rice shot Davis twice, from the effects of which he died in a few hours. Davis shot Rice in the shoulder and inflicted a very dangerous, if not a mortal wound.

—The report from Austin, Texas, to the effect that several regiments will be organized immediately for active service on the Rio Grande, and that Gen. Ord has gone to Austin to consult with the governor, refers entirely to the state militia, and does not imply that these troops are to be raised by the federal government, as seems to be understood. The war department has no authority to organize new regiments, but the governor of Texas has power to organize the state militia.

—A correspondent recently wrote to the Brandon (Miss.) Republican to know the difference between a radical and an independent. Here is the answer: "A radical is a republican politician who is not ashamed of the name, and an independent is a republican who is ashamed of the name, and who denies being a radical when talking to democrats, but admits it when talking to republicans. In other words, an independent is a cross between a mean democrat and a mangy republican, who cannot be trusted by either."

—Augusta Chronicle: By the way, it is said that a distinguished Georgia republican—no less a personage than ex-Attorney General Akerman—is wanted in South Carolina. It seems that during the progress of the returning board cases before the supreme court last winter, Akerman was adjudged to be in contempt and had a fine imposed upon him. The correspondent of the Charleston Journal of Commerce says he "ingloriously fled under cover of darkness, leaving his hotel bill unpaid." We are quite sure the latter portion of the accusation does the ex-attorney general injustice, but we advise him to go back to Columbia and pay his fine like a little man. Hampton's government needs the money.

—East Florida Banner: "All the public lands of Louisiana, Arkansas and Florida, will soon be put up at public sale in accordance with the act passed at the last session of congress. It only remains for the general land office to issue the orders for sale. Mill owners in Louisiana are looking forward to that sale in expectation of securing large areas of timber at low prices. Within thirty miles of New Orleans, across the lake, are tracts of large pines, and they will be bought up by mill men. An order for the sale of the Arkansas land by auction has already been issued, and that in Louisiana and Florida will probably go the same way soon. It is, perhaps, the best thing to do to suspend the homestead law requiring actual settlement upon government land, in order that this timber may be brought into market."

—Happy tidings for nervous sufferers and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked, Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC COMPANY Cincinnati, Ohio.

Skating Rink.

New Skating RINK, Grant's Building UNDER Young Men's Library.

WILL be open every afternoon at 3 o'clock, and every evening at 7½ o'clock. Admission for Ladies Free. Dominick & Mauro's Italian Band will be in attendance Tuesday and Friday nights. Dancing after skating is over,

JNO. J. BREWER, Proprietor and General Superintendent.

376 sep19 . d1m top 2d col 3d pg

Dr. Tutt's Pills.

DR TUTT'S PILLS

Meet the wants of those who need a safe and reliable medicine. The immense demand which has so rapidly followed their introduction is evidence that they do supply this want, and proves them to be

THE MOST POPULAR PILL

ever furnished the American people. The highest medical authorities concede their superiority over all others, because they possess alterative, tonic, and healing properties contained in no other medicine. Being strongly Anti-Bilious, they expel all humors, correct a vitiated state of the system, and, being purely vegetable, they do not, like other pills, leave the stomach and bowels in a worse condition than they found them, but, on the contrary, impart a healthy tone and vigor before unknown.

OUR WORDS INDORSED

Dr. C. L. MITCHELL, Ft. Meade, Fla., says: . . . *"I know the superiority of your pills, and want to see them used instead of the worthless compounds sold in this country."* . . .

Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky., says: . . . *"Tutt's pills are worth their weight in gold."* . . .

Had Sick Headache & Piles 30 Years. . . . *"I am well. Gaining strength and flesh every day."* . . . R. S. Austin, Springfield, Mass.

He Defies Chills and Fever. . . . *"With Tutt's pills, we defy chills. Illinois owes you a debt of gratitude."* F. R. Ripley, Chicago, Ill.

Sold everywhere. Price 25 cents. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE

Gray hair is changed to a glossy black by a single application of this dye. It is easily applied, acts like magic, and is as harmless as spring water. Never disappoints. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00. Office, 35 Murray Street, New York.

Educational.

Patapsco Female Institute.

TERMS, $300 PER YEAR.

Address Mrs. R. H. ARCHER, Principal,

276 july15—d3m Ellicott City, Maryland.

Georgia Female College,

MADISON, GEORGIA.

THE FALL TERM of this popular institution begins on Monday, September 17th, 1877, with a full corps of competent and experienced teachers. Board, fuel and lights, per session, $75 00. Music, Painting and Languages extra. No charge for Calisthenics. For full particulars address MRS. GEO. Y. BROWNE, Principal.

49 aug4. d2m

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We are sole agents for the

ST. LOUIS WHITE LEAD,

"RED SEAL BRAND,"

and at all times have a good stock of it.

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WINDOW GLASS, WINDOW GLASS.

We have in store the largest stock in the south. Dealers are requested to get quotations before purchasing.

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OILS, OILS, OILS.

LARD OIL,
SPERM OIL,
MACHINE OIL,
WEST'S KEROSENE OIL,
and PRATT'S ASTRAL OIL.

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HERRING'S Fire and Burglar PROOF SAFES.

Absolute Protection

VAULT DOORS SUPPLIED. Prices to suit the times. Write or call at 62 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Georgia, for terms

R. J. WILES, Agent.

608 sep30...d3w

City Water Rents.

THE Water Commissioners have ordered the city water to be shut off from all parties who are in arrears, if they fail to come forward and pay up at once. Rent for the quarter ending December 31, will be due October 1. Please come up and pay promptly. Office hours from 8 to 5.

554 sep30...d5t J. W. CULPEPPER, Sec'y.

By Marcus A. Bell & Son,

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, I will before the Court House door of said county, on the first Tuesday in October, 1877, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A lot of land containing one-fourth of acre more or less, together with the improvements thereon, the same being two houses, fences, &c., situated on Valentine street, in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, bounded on the N. and W. by the land of Henry Underwood, on the S. by the land of A. J. Delbridge, and on the E. by Valentine street. Sold as the property of the estate of Matilda McKeever, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs and creditors. Terms cash.

JOEL F. HAMMOND, Administrator.

121 sep1...d1awtds

Marshal's Sales for October, 1877.

WILL be sold before the City Hall door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in October next, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, levied on by the City Marshal, to satisfy a tax fi fa issued by order of the Mayor and General Council of the city of Atlanta, for taxes due for the year 1876,

Levied this fi fa on city lot, in ward one, land lot 77, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia containing 60 x 1[illegible]5 feet, more or less, on Whitehall street adjoining Brotherton and Westmoreland. Levied on as the property of S A Durand, trustee. Property pointed out by Henry R Durand, transferee. R. O. DOUGLASS, Marshal.

104 sep4 d1aw4w

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for October, 1877.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in October next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

The rights and franchises (with the exception of the franchises to be a body politic) of the Atlanta and Roswell Railroad Company, and specially the grading, culverts and appurtenances of the Atlanta and Roswell Railroad Company, and the premises or real estate which is erected or built, together with any and all other real estate connected with said road, including the right of way and franchises of said Atlanta and Roswell Railroad Company, except the franchises of said corporation to be a body politic. Levied on as the property of the Atlanta and Roswell Railroad Company, by virtue of and to satisfy a special execution and decree issued from Fulton Superior Court, in favor of Grant, Alexander & Co. vs Atlanta and Roswell Railroad Company.

A. M. PERKERSON, Sheriff and Commissioner.

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Fulton county, Georgia, I will sell before the Court House door of said county, on the first Tuesday in November next, within the legal hours of sale, to the highest bidder, the following property, to-wit:

The Steam Flouring Mill, lying on the West in and Atlantic Railroad, in the city of Atlanta, known as the Empire Flouring Mills, containing four run of stones, driven by bevel gear with a capacity of one hundred and eighty barrels flour in twenty-four hours. Mill has full chest of reels, one separate reel for middlings, and first class bolting cloths. Machinery all of modern improvements, engine sixty-horse power, iron shafting, and all now in first class running order and now in constant use.

Also, one six room dwelling house, corner West Cain and Luckie street, and household and kitchen furniture.

Sold as the property of Elon Vorus, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs and creditors. Terms cash.

Atlanta, Ga., September 6th, 1877.

E. P. CHAMBERLIN, Administrator of Elon Vorus, deceased.

241 sep12..d1aw tds

Dry Goods, Etc.

M. C. & J. F. KISER & CO,

JOBBERS OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

—AND—

NOTIONS,

COR. PRYOR AND WALL STS.

OPPOSITE THE KIMBALL HOUSE,

ATLANTA, GA.

M. C. KISER, J. F. KISER, W. S. EVERETT.

76 sep2..tf

Relief for the Afflicted.

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions (night emissions by dreams), Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS [illegible] and entirely eradicated from the system; [illegible] GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

223 aug5—d&w1y

PRESCRIPTION FREE.

FOR THE SPEEDY CURE of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or excess. Any druggists has the ingredients.

Address Dr. JAQUES & CO, Cincinnati, Ohio.

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Dr. Ricord's Essence of Life restores manhood and the vigor of youth to the most shattered constitution in 4 weeks, from whatever cause arising. Failure impossible. Beware of advertisers who offer so-called Free Prescriptions that are useless, and finally prove ruinously expensive. Whatever has merit must cost a fair price. $3 per case. Sent by express anywhere. Sole Agent, Dr. JOS. JACQUES, 7 University Place, New York. Druggists supplied.

61 aug5, 1877...d1y

OBSTACLES to MARRIAGE — REMOVED.

Happy Relief to Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. An Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill.

834 may15..d1yr

MANHOOD RESTORED.

Victims of youthful imprudence who have tried in vain every known remedy, will learn of a simple prescription, FREE, for the speedy cure of nervous debility, premature decay, lost manhood, and all disorders brought on by excesses. Any druggists has the ingredients. Address DAVIDSON & CO., 86 Nassau St., N. Y. oct20—deod&w1y

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SUFFERERS from LOST MANHOOD, SYPHILIS, or any disease caused by indiscretion, who have given up all hope after trying in vain all the so-called remedies, will find the only sure relief by calling at, or sending stamp for free, confidential and beneficial advise to the old Western Medical Institute, 127 Sycamore St., Cincinnati. Write or call and examine in Museum of Life Size Models of cases cured, and you will be convinced it is the only Institute that has and can successfully treat these ailments. No charge to respectable person for treatment till cured. 485 apr28 d1y&24days

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View of Marriage!

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A Guide to Wedlock and confidential Treatise on the duties of marriage and the causes that unfit for it; the secrets of Reproduction and the Diseases of Women. A book for private, considerate reading; 260 pages, price 50 cts.

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER! On all disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure, 224 large pages, price 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., price 10 cts.

Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, containing 500 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts. Address DR. BUTTS, No. 12 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.

434 aug26 d&w1y

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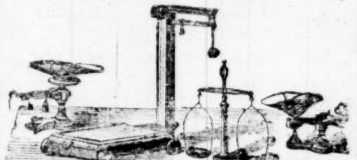
The World's Standard.



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World's Fair, Santiago, Chili,	1875
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(ENTRANCE ON WHITEHALL.)

Day Class at 4 p. m. on Thursday and 10 a. m. on Saturday.

Night Class on Thursday and Friday nights at 8 o'clock p. m.

For Terms, &c., apply at Phillips & Crew's or at the Hall. 537 sep29...d6t

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IRON WORKS
16 FOUNDRY ST
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MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.,

HAVE removed to No. 9 Centennial Building, Whitehall street, where all their customers and the public are invited to call and examine their stock of

FALL SEEDS.

Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Grass, Clover, etc.

482 sep26 d1w

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HOWARD HYDRAULIC CEMENT

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Send for circular. Address G. H. WARING, Kingston, G

547 may1 d6m

$50, $100, $200, $500, $1000

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Southern States Coal, Iron & Land Co

(Limited) have now started part of their new and extensive works and are prepared to receive ORDERS FOR

Coal,
Coke,
Firebricks.
Red Bricks,
and Lime.

which can be despatched promptly from the Works on receipt of order and remittance or reference. The Coal is of high quality and specially suitable for Steam, Gas and Household use. For quotations and full particulars, address the Company, at its head office,

533 sep29...dtf SOUTH PITTSBURG TENN.

Iron Works.

WINSHIP IRON WORKS
SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS,
SHAFTING, PULLEYS &c
COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM, HAND, OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS ETC. ETC.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO WINSHIP & BRO. ATLANTA, GA.

471 june28..d1y

Tailoring, etc.

IF CLOTHING MAKES THE MAN!

THEN

DEVLIN & CO., THE WORLD FAMED TAILORS,

Of New York, certainly deserve a monument, for their Clothing has made more men than all other Clothiers combined. The undersigned at No. 5 East Alabama Street, has on hand and is daily receiving a large line of

SAMPLES OF CLOTHS FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

Fine Furnishing Goods and Dress Shirts,

MADE TO SPECIAL ORDER, which, for Price, Style and Quality, are unexcelled. Representing the above well well known firm, I consider that fact a sufficient guarantee, and I only request an examination of my goods.

EVERY GARMENT WARRANTED TO FIT PERFECTLY.

Give me a call. W. H. STOCKTON, Agent for Devlin & Co.

500 sep 7...d1m

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English Female Bitters,

BEST FEMALE MEDICINE EXTANT.

Will Cure All Female Complaints	After ten years' test, it has proven to be the only reliable female regulator known, and is now in extensive use by Physicians throughout the country. For all species of unnatural monthly obstructions and excess; for Leucorrhœa or Whites, Falling of the Womb, Ulceration of the Womb, Chlorosis, or Green Sickness, Nervous Debility and Prostration, it acts like a charm. As an Iron and Vegetable Tonic, it is unsurpassed, toning the stomach, aiding digestion, exciting the liver, acting upon the bowels, and building up and giving permanent strength to the whole system.	**Will Cure** Pains in the Side & Back
Will Cure Monthly Obstructions.		**Will Cure** Hysterics & Nervousness
Will Cure Old or Young Females		**Will Cure** Palpitation of the Heart
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Will Cure Cases of Ten Years.		**Will Cure,** By Regulating.

Large Bottles only $1.00. Sold by all Druggists.

Dr. Dromgoole & Co., - - LOUISVILLE, KY.

Sold in Atlanta by Pinson & Holt july4d&wtf.

Stoves, Hardware, &C.

JOHN J. SEAY,

Manufacturer of and Exclusively Wholesale Dealer in

Stoves, Grates, Hollow-Ware, English Pots, Wagon Boxes, Andirons, etc, etc., etc,

A SPECIALTY MADE of LIGHT CASTINGS on ORDERS

The regular run of Light Castings is FOUR TONS PER DAY, and consequently all orders can be promptly filled.

DEALERS will take notice that I have sold out my retail business, and my UNDIVIDED ATTENTION will now be paid to the manufacture and Wholesale Trade. I can duplicate orders on the best Foundries in the country. Send for Price List.

JOHN. J. SEAY, Rome, Ga.

Office at Foundry, corner Franklin St. and Rome Railroad. 179 aug12, 1877..d1y

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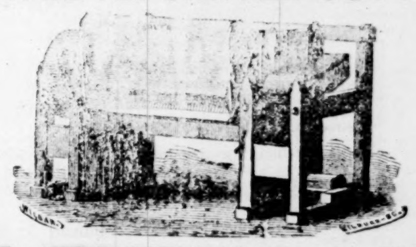
Cotton Factors.

CELEBRATED E. CARVER COTTON GIN.



W. H. HOWARD & SONS, COTTON FACTORS, AUGUSTA, GA.

WE offer to the planters of Middle Georgia the above justly celebrated Cotton Gin, many of which are now in use in this section, and we can safely say have given entire satisfaction. Horse Power Gins, 10 in. Saws, $3 50 Saw. Water and Steam Gins, 12 in. Saws, $4 00 Saw. We can also furnish from our stock in store any part of the above Gins to parties desiring to repair those now in their possession. Ample time to test Gins before paying for them.

57 jly5..d&w til dec 1st

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J. T. WARREN & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF FANCY GROCERIES.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

CIGARS

A Leading Feature.

FOREIGN FRUITS, CATSUPS, Nuts; American and English Pickles, SOUP STUFFS, and Condiments.

FANCY SOAPS, Chocolates, CANNED FRUITS, —AND— VEGETABLES, Flavoring Extracts, BAKING POWDERS.

SEND FOR QUOTATIONS

64 and 66 West Second St., CINCINNATI.

531 sep29 d6w sat tues

Security Oil.

C. WEST & SONS' ALADDIN SECURITY OIL,

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD OIL IN USE.

Warranted 150 Degrees Fire-Test.

WATER WHITE IN COLOR.

Fully Deodorized.

WILL NOT EXPLODE

HIGHEST AWARD AT Centennial Exposition

For Excellence of Manufacture AND HIGH FIRE TEST.

Endorsed by the Insurance Companies.

Read this Certificate—One of Many.

HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF BALTIMORE, Baltimore, Dec. 23d, 1874.—*Messrs. C. West & Sons,—Gentlemen:* Having used the various oils sold in this city for illuminating purposes, I take pleasure in recommending your "Aladdin Security Oil" as the *safest and best* ever used in our household. Yours truly, [Signed] ANDREW REESE, President.

Manufactured by

C. WEST & SONS, Baltimore.

Try it, and you will use no other.

484 sep6 d6m

GUARANTEED SPECULATION.

$400 invested by us in 60 days Straddles have made $1,750. $100 have paid $1,760 in 30 days. We Guarantee all 60 day Straddles; Money refunded if no profit is made. References given. Correspondence solicited.

W. F. HUBBELL & CO., Members New York Mining Stock Exchange, P.O. Box 2 613. 46 Broad St., N. Y.

35 sep2...d&w2m

G. W. ADAIR Auctioneer.

Executor's Sale.

B. THROWER'S ESTATE.

BY authority of the Will of B. Thrower, deceased, I will sell on the 2d day of October next, at the City Hall, commencing at 11 o'clock, a. m., the following described property, as per plats:

1. One lot 48x150 feet, with 10 feet alley, on south side of Fair street, upon which there is a new nice four room cottage, with green blinds, good water, garden, etc. A real nice place. No 299 in Third Ward, close to schools and churches.

2. One lot, 50x100 feet, south side of Fair street, between Washington and Crew, opposite Judge Hillyer's new residence, and upon which is a four room House. No. 155. Rents at $12 month.

3. One lot, 100x100 feet, corner Strong and D'Alvigny streets, with a three room house; also, adjoining this, a lot, 100x100 feet, with a two-room house, corner of Strong and Emma streets. Both places inclosed. Good gardens, and near Rolling Mill.

4. One lot, 50x100 feet, with three room house, very near last two mentioned lots, and very close to Rolling Mill.

5. One lot, 100x100 feet, fronting on and south of Mayson and Turner's Ferry road, about 100 yards west of Western and Atlantic Railroad at Bellwood. This is a corner lot, and has upon it a three room house, Lot inclosed, with good garden and well.

The above is all good property, and commends itself to Working Men, who want convenient and small houses and lots. The lot on Fair street, near Judge Hillyer's, is a fancy lot, and should be examined carefully by those who are seeking central property. Sale for benefit of heirs. Titles indisputable. Procure Plats and examine the property before sale day.

Terms—Half cash; balance, three and six months, with 10 per cent. interest.

T. L. THROWER, J. K. THROWER, Executors.

402 sed22..d't sep22, 23, 26, 30, oc 2

TEAS.—The choicest in the world—Importers' prices—largest Company in America—staple article—pleases every body—Trade continually increasing—Agents wanted everywhere—best inducement s—don waste time—send for Circular to ROBER WELLS, Pres. of the Original American Tea C 3 Vesey St. N.Y. P.O. Box 1287 7 sep1 d&w4w

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Cotton Buyers.

MILLER & BROTHER, Cotton Brokers AND Commission Merchants,

111 BAY STREET, SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

Charges for Selling Cotton only 50 cents per Bale; Weihging, 10 cents per Bale. No charge for Drayage, Storage, or other chargeswhen sale can be made from Railroad Yards or Presses.

Firm offers made on any lots of Cotton at any time.

517 au g30..d2m top 8th&9th col 3d p

W. DANIEL,

SUCCESSOR TO DANIEL & ROWLAND,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA.

978 aug17.. dtf

Cotton! Cotton!!

WE HAVE determined to add to our Wholesale Grocery and Provision business, a department exclusively for the sale of Cotton on Commission. Being always *Sellers* of cotton and never *Buyers*, we think we will be able to serve our customers to advantage. Our charges shall be low and our best efforts shall be made to promote the interests of those shipping to us.

Liberal cash advances made to parties shipping to us or to our friends in Charleston, New York or Liverpool.

Correspond with us

LANGSTON & CRANE, Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Commission Merchants for sale of Cotton.

470 sep25 d1m.

CHAS. F. STUBBS,

(Successor to Groover, Stubbs & Co.,)

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

General Commission Merchant

AGENTS FOR THE

QUITMAN FACTORY YARNS.

94 BAY STREET,

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

BAGGING, TIES, ROPE and other supplies furnished. Also, liberal cash advances made on consignments for sale or shipment to Liverpool or Northern ports.

Mr. A. A. WINN, Cashier and Correspondent of the late firm of Groover, Stubbs & Co., has an interest in the business. 131 sep6..dtf

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Horseshoes Nails Etc.

SHOENBERGER & Co.

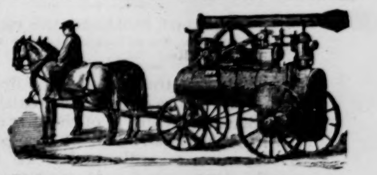
MANUFACTURERS OF

JUNIATA

HORSE AND MULE SHOES, Cut Nails & Spikes, HORSE SHOE BAR AND SHEET IRON.

Goods warranted equal to any in the market. Send for circular in regard to "PICKED NAILS," Corner 15th and Etna Streets,

oct27—1y PITTSBURGH, PA.



Ginning Engines

WM. E. TANNER & CO.,

Metropolitan Works,

Canal, 6th and 7th Streets,

RICHMOND...... ....VIRGINIA

MANUFACTURERS of Portable and Stationary Engines, Saw Mills, Boilers, Castings of Brass and Iron for Railroads, Mills, Bridges, Narrow Gauge Locomotives.

Ginning Engines a Specialty.

SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS for Ginning Houses.

Keep your money in the South, other things being equal.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue—FREE.

454 july26. d&w3m

Old and New Constitutions.

CONSTITUTIONS of 1868 and 1877, bound in one volume, will be sent to any address on receipt of

Thirty Cents (30c.)

The reader can thus see the defects of one and the improvement of the other. The book contains the ordinances of the Convention of 1877. Address JAMES P HARRISON & CO., Drawer 24, Atlanta, Ga.

sep3) d3t

FOR RENT, GULF HOUSE

THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.

OPPOSITE Passenger Depot. Furnished or unfurnished. Possession given as soon as desired. Healthy winter resort. Respectfully,

152 sep7..d1m G. W. PARNELL.

PREFERRED LOCALS.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar22-dtf

W. C. ASHLEY,
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Builders' Hardware, &c., 33 Broad Street.
255 july13..dtf

THE NEW DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.
CRAIGE & CO., General Dealers,
31 Peachtree Street,
Atlanta, : : : Georgia.
The best built. The lightest running. The largest and smoothest finished. Every Machine guaranteed of best quality and workmanship. Sold as low as the lowest for Cash, or by paying $10 per month.
872 mar30..dly aug31...

W. JENNINGS & CO.
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Locks, Hinges Paints, &c., 38 Decatur Street.
519 july31..d6m fol

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Executor's sale—W J Gay et al.
Removal—G A Howell.
Furniture for sale—Castleberry & Co.
Jewelers—J P Stevens & Co.
Dress goods—Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.
House for rent—W L Abbott.
Montevallo coal—Sciple & Sons.
Finest steaks—Reading Room Restaurant.
Lot for sale—Robert L Crawley.
Return mourning lace veil to Lochrey's.
Carriages—John M Smith.
Lecture—Henry W Grady.
Mule, dray and harness wanted—15 Forsyth.
Keep Shirts—W E Cater.
Choice cloaks—Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.
New store—Castleberry & Co.
Property to exchange—Goodwin & Anderson.
Cottage wanted—G W Adair.
Administratrix sale—Sallie F O'Keefe.
First class cooking—Reading Room.
Roman gold—J P Stevens & Co.
Dr J C Ayer & Co's medicines.
White horse for sale—Robert L Crawley.
House for rent or sale—John A Speer.
Dooley's Yeast Powder.
Red ash coal—Sciple & Sons.
Dr Schenck's Medicines.
Fairbanks' Scales.
Young merchant O L Braumuller.
Imported cloaks—Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.
Sozodont.
Dr Bull's Cough Syrup.
Leave to sell—L B Griggs.
Removal—Castleberry & Co.
Conference—First Baptist Church.
Cloaks—Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.
Mobile plants—Reading Room.

Our rooms for the administration of Oxygen Gas, Compressed and Rarified Air, by means of Waldenberg apparatus, will be opened on Monday, the 10th instant, at No. 57 Marietta street, and daily thereafter from 10 a. m. to 12 m, and from 3 to 4 p. m.

W. F. WESTMORELAND, M. D.
JAS. F. ALEXANDER, M. D.
201 sep9..dtf h fir col un in'x

Members of the First Baptist Church are requested to attend Church Conference next Thursday, (4th instant) at 7:30 p. m., to consider matters of vital importance. October 1, 1877.
00 oct2..d3t

Those new styles of hats at W B Lowe & Co's are just what is needed for the young men. A selected stock of gent's furnishing goods cannot fail to please 556 sep30—tf

Down with Shirts for 30 Days.

In order to reduce my stock of Shirts I will sell my celebrated Keep Shirts six for $6 00. W. E. CATER.
5t2 oct2..d1t

Genuine Montevallo Coal. Call or write and secure a car load or less. If you order from us you get the genuine Sciple & Sons, 59 Decatur street. 15 oct2..d2t

Call upon W B Lowe & Co, and having purchased an elegant suit of clothing, array yourself in a fine hat, striped socks and a new outfit in underwear. It is this which makes the city belle exclaim: "My eye, what a dash!" 556 sep30—tf

First-class Cooking at the Reading Room Restaurant. 14 oct2 d2t

The Largest Line Beaver and Matilza Cloaks, Ladies' and Children, ever in Atlanta, just received at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s, and selling at the closest prices to close out. 14 oct2...d2t

Special attention is directed to the immense new and complete stock of fall clothing in the new and spacious ware rooms of W B Lowe & Co, No 41 Whitehall street. Call early. 556 sep30—tf

GO TO THE NEW

Atlanta Surgical Institute,
33 Whitehall street,
J. W. GURLEY, M.D.,

Surgeon in Charge, and see them before making "contract" for treatment, and you will save money,

RUPTURE RADICALLY cured where a cure is possible, relief certain. 581 sep30...d1m lp

Oysters in the Shell, Mobile Plants, received daily, at the Reading Room. 14 oct2...d2t

Our Cahaba Red Ash is the nicest, cleanest Coal for richly furnished houses, rooms, parlors, offices, stoves, etc., ever used. It don't dust up everything, like other Coal, because the ashes are heavy. It don't make as much dust as wood. It is first class in every particular. It is clean, it kindles quick, burns free and beautifully, makes no cinders, burns up clean, makes less soot and smut, and one-half less ashes than other Coal. No offensive smell of sulphur or gasses in rooms, when the Cahaba Coal is used, any more than in the use of wood. If you appreciate an elegant, first-class fire, use the Cahaba Red Ash Coal. Sold only by Sciple & Sons, 59 Decatur street. 15 oct2..d.t

If you would appear in a stylish suit upon the occasion of the Georgia State Fair, call upon W B Lowe & Co and get fitted out with a No 1 cheap suit. 556sep30—tf

Millinery Opening.

Miss Mary Kennedy respectfully invites her friends and the public generally to an opening of a fall and winter stock of millinery goods, consisting of the latest styles in hats, bonnets, etc., which will take place on Friday, October 5th. sep30—sun,tues,wed

Don't forget to visit the millinery opening of Miss Mary Kennedy, on Friday, October 5th. sep30—sun,tues,thurs

Handsome Dress Goods received daily, of the latest styles, at Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s 16 oct2...d2

The finest Steaks in the city, cooked in any style, can be had at all hours at the Reading Room Restaurant. 14 oct2...d2t

ON meeting a friend the first inquiry is always regarding his health. Why? Because health is of the first consideration; yet many will sit in a cold, damp theatre, regardless of weak lungs and hacking cough. Discard some of the ephemeral pleasures of the day, such as theatre-going, cigar-smoking, &c., and invest your small change in something that will be a lasting benefit. For instance, Coussens' Compound Honey of Tar costs only 50 cents, and will cure your Cough, Cold, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Try it.
411 apr25..deowlwly&weow

THE following note was picked up on the street yesterday, can be had by calling at this office:

DEAR JOSH: Please come home. We need you very much, as several sad accidents have befallen us John sprained his ankle badly, and Sarah's frosted feet are troubling her. My corns are increasing in number and severity, and the knots on our mule's back are growing larger. Uncle Dick is laid up with the Rheumatism, so do come home, and bring a bottle of Coussens' Lightning Liniment, which is successfully used by all our neighbors, for each of the above afflictions. You can buy it at any drug store for 50 cents a bottle. MARY.
411 apr25..deowly&weowly

Strands of Dead Hair.

Shorn perhaps from some diseased scalp, are now wrapped around the heads of wives and daughters at a heavy expense. This profligate use of other people's hair can be supplanted by your own magnificent braids and curls trailing almost to your feet, by the use of Newton Smith's Hair Restorative. It stops hair from falling out at once, making it grow thick, long and rapidly. No sugar of lead or other poison
[illegible]

IN THE PARK.

A STROLL AMONG THE MAZES OF OGLETHORPE.

The Arrangements for the Fair—Growing Interest of the People—Propitious Signs Ahead.

Oglethorpe Park was never so complete as it now is. It was never so fit for a state fair or for the accommodation and pleasure of the large crowds that attend those exhibitions. The city has done much more than it engaged with the state agricultural society to perform. Although we are not responsible for the success of the fair, as its management rests entirely in the hands of the society, yet our city authorities and the citizens generally have taken a deep interest in its success and the bright prospects it now has are greatly due to these efforts.

Judge Pittman, our efficient ordinary, Dr. Sam Hape, chairman of the council committee on public buildings and grounds, Mayor Angier, and other members of the council, City Engineer H T McDaniel have given their personal supervision to the work of improvement on the grounds, and the admirable manner in which it has been conducted is owing to their care.

The grounds are now

IN SPLENDID CONDITION,

and are daily receiving new touches. The buildings will all be refitted and put in first-class order. The entire fencing will be thoroughly white-washed, and the trees trimmed up in all parts of the grounds, and their trunks white-washed, so as to present a very neat appearance.

Perhaps the most striking improvement has been made in the race track, the shape of which has been changed to the most approved form. It has been lengthened so that when measured last Saturday it was found to be exactly one-half mile and three inches long. It has been packed and rolled and scraped until its surface is as smooth and hard as a floor. One of the chief beauties of the track is found in the fact that one can stand in almost any part of the park and see every bit of it, so that a race there is more interesting than on a mile track or a half mile track on a dead level. It is estimated that 20,000 people could easily see every foot of the race there.

Skilled jockeys have seen the track since its completion and pronounce it

THE FINEST IN THE SOUTH.

There are already fifteen or twenty horses in training for the races, and there will probably be fifty ready to enter for the various purses. The races will surely be the finest seen in Georgia since the war.

The area within the track presents twelve acres of dead level, on which the military contest will take place. A splendid view of the space can be obtained from the grand stand or from the terraces above the track. These are beautifully covered with Bermuda grass and look better than ever before.

The arrangements for a grand display of live stock surpass any ever before made in the state. There are

FOUR HUNDRED STALLS

all in neat order and well arranged, with the certainty of being full. One famous stock raiser has engaged fifty and will put into them some rare specimens.

The lake will begin to fill to-day, and when full will be a pretty sheet of water, with islands and painted boats in abundance.

There are on the grounds about one hundred large coops which will be filled with a fine display of fowls of various kinds.

In short a view over the entire grounds shows how well we are prepared for the fair and how everything is working to make it a success. The people evidently feel an interest in these improvements. Last Sunday probably

TWO THOUSAND PEOPLE

were on the grounds during the day.

Every day the prospects of the fair improve. It is already a fixed fact that we are to have a huge crowd and it is scarcely less certain that the fair will be the best thing of the kind ever known in Georgia.

GENERAL COUNCIL.

Meeting Last Night.

There was a meeting of the mayor and general council last night, at which were present Mayor Angier and a full board, except Alderman Castleberry.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The following

PETITIONS

were read:

Of Nipper Trible, for free license. Granted.

Of Mrs W M Clower, for free license to peddle. Granted.

Of Dan McDuffie and Aaron Haas, asking council to assume defense of a suit brought against them for action alleged to have been done by them while members of council. Referred to the mayor and city attorney.

Of Frank X. Bliley, for leave to preserve wooden sign. Granted.

Of J. H. Ketner and others, for work on Windsor street. Street committee with power to act.

Of Jesse McCoy and Thos. Stafford, for refunding of taxes. Tax committee.

Of George W. Jackson and others, for work on Marietta street near the postoffice. Street committee.

Of J. F. Redd, for refunding part of drovers tax to E. P. Winston. Tax committee and marshal with power to act.

Of Franklin & Wilkins and others, asking passage of ordinance prohibiting street drumming. Ordinance committee and city attorney.

Of A. F. Simpson, asking prevention of flow of water upon his property. Street committee.

Of Jennings & Co, for relief from contractor's tax. Tax committee.

Of Glover & Lawrence, for relief from additional tax for selling sewing machines. Tax committee.

Of J H James and others, that alley back of James' back be named "Exchange alley."

Of J. T. McCormick, for relief from bakers' registration tax. Relief committee.

Of Hitchcock & Walden, for refunding tax. Tax committee.

THE PAY ROLL

was read and adopted. It amounted to $12,204 16. The reports of committees were next taken up.

The ordinance committee reported an ordinance forbidding boys from getting on railroad engines or trains, which was recommitted to be redrawn.

The committee reported favorably on an ordinance ordering that all persons tampering with water pipes or fountains be fined in a sum not less than $5. Adopted.

Committee on streets and sidewalks reported as follows:

Adverse on petition of Geo. Standing for repairs to sewer on McDonough street. Adopted.

Committee authorized aldermanic board to lay curbing in front of J. W. Johnson's residence on Wheat street. Adopted.

Favorable on construction of foot walk across branch on Clark street. Adopted.

Favorable on resolution requiring all persons having curbing in front of property to lay good sidewalks. Adopted.

Favorable on petition for work on Frazer street. Adopted.

Police committee reported favorable on petition of citizens for the withdrawal of Jim Teat's liquor license. Adopted.

Report no jurisdiction in matter of W. H. Coe for free license for Sarah Street.

Tax committee reported adverse on petition of Peter Berron for reduction of tax on property. Adopted.

Favorable on petition of John Domini for reduction of bowling alley license. Adopted.

Committee recommend that Wm. Allen receive relief to the amount of $4 50. Report disagreed to.

Committee on printing report adversely on the petition of George Eddleman to let the city have two columns in the paper to be published during fair week for fifty dollars. Adopted.

The city engineer presented his regular report as to the disposition of the street force, and recommended needed repairs on various bridges in the city. He reported that 3,890 feet of timber were needed to repair all bridges.

Councilman Maddox moved that the timber be purchased and the work be done. Passed.

Council here indulged in a number of explanations and questions relative to various acts done by the street committee.

It was ordered that the grading of Pine street be finished as soon as possible.

ORDINANCES.

Councilman Maher offered an ordinance providing punishment of parties who refuse to pay hack hire. Referred to ordinance committee.

An ordinance regulating street draining was likewise disposed of.

Councilman Maddox offered ordinance regulating sale of stolen property recovered by police force and not being claimed after being advertised. The ordinance was passed.

On motion, the rules were suspended to hear from Dr. R. D Spalding in behalf of the board of education. He spoke in relation to the Storr's school concerning the re-opening of the same by the board. The trustees are willing to grant the board control of the school provided they retain four teachers now employed and put in two to be selected by the board. Dr. Spalding asked an expression of the council's views on the question. On motion of Alderman Jones the matter was referred to the board of education with power to act as they see fit in the premises.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Gramling: To empower police committee to purchase a ton of coal for station house. Passed.

By Councilman Chamberlin: To repair cemetery green house. Tabled.

By Alderman McMillan: To require all persons owning shade trees over sidewalks to have them trimmed at least ten feet above sidewalk. Tabled.

By Councilman Gray: Requiring police to report all persons erecting signs across sidewalks contrary to law to city marshal. Adopted.

By Councilman Maddox: To authorize ordinance committee to enquire into cost of codifying all laws of the state referring to this city. Adopted.

By Councilman Hape: To authorize the committee on public buildings and grounds to let privilege of advertising on fair ground fence. Adopted.

To allow the same committee to draw $200 additional to previous appropriations.

A resolution by Councilman Maher, asking authority of street committee for work done on Pine street, was tabled, the mayor casting the decisive vote.

By Councilman Biggers: That council meet at 7 p m. Adopted.

By Councilman Buice: That policemen be authorized to arrest all boys jumping on street cars while in motion, and be subject to fines by the recorder. Referred to Ordinance committee.

By Alderman Jones: To accept offer of Ordinary Pittman to pay $750 rent for part of city hall from now until January 1st, and after that $600. Adopted.

By Councilman Buice: To authorize sale of appurtenances of cemetery green house at public outcry. Adopted.

By Councilman Chamberlin: To put Marietta street in good condition by 15th of the month.

By Councilman English: That Judge Pittman be requested to put Luckie street in good condition by the 15th of the month, as it is a thoroughfare to the fair grounds. Councilmen English and Maddox and Alderman Jones were appointed a committee to wait on Judge Pittman.

On motion council then went into

SECRET SESSION.

An election was held to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William Bolin, night watchman at the cemetery.

Messrs. Hinton, Thompson and Hunt were nominated.

On the first ballot Thompson received 6 votes, Hunt 4, Hinton 1.

On the second ballot Thompson received 5 votes, Hinton 5, Hunt 2.

On the third ballot Thompson received 5 votes, Hinton 5, Hunt 2.

On the fourth ballot Thompson received 7 votes, Hinton 4, Hunt 1.

Mr J R Thompson was declared elected.

Council then adjourned to 7 o'clock Wednesday night.

FACT AND RUMOR.

—The sucker season has arrived.

—Oysters are getting fatter and better.

—There will be fancy skating at the rink to-night by fancy skaters.

—The leaves are catching the first varied tints of autumn.

—The fall trade has begun so beautifully that the merchant's heart is glad.

—There will be a tournament after the skating to-night.

—The first frost will probably snap us within ten days.

—Ponce de Leon is by no means deserted. Crowds were there Sunday afternoon.

—Read the fruit list adopted by the Pomological society if you wish to plant.

—Novelty skating at the Rink to-night.

—The telephone agent will soon rival the lightning rod man.

—Improvements at the water works are progressing beautifully.

—Gwinnett county is pouring her wealth of chinquapins into our lap.

—A beautiful line of ladies' and gentlemen's lockets in Roman gold and stone cameo, just received, at J. P. Stevens & Co.'s

—The meeting of the Irving club this week will probably be the most brilliant yet held.

—Sol Smith Russell comes to us with high commendations from the press wherever he has appeared.

—The champion skater at the tournament to-night will crown the queen of love and beauty.

—Atlanta is not only a summer, but a winter resort. Somehow the city is full of visitors all the year round.

—Stealing newspapers is not so common since Judge Clarke sent a thief of this kind to the chain gang for twelve months.

—The wagon yards are finely patronized. This is the season when every farmer is forced to come to town.

—Cotton is coming in abundantly. The season has opened as lively as could be wished.

—Still the Jonesboro wagons roll, and come in loaded on every trip. The pluck of those merchants is striking indeed.

—The steady rounds of a vigilant police force have caused street fighting to become one of the lost arts.

—The Beethoven society will probably give a unique and interesting entertainment very soon.

—The State university opened yesterday. Atlanta will be well represented there this term.

—President A. G. Haygood, of Emory college, preached two very fine sermons in the city Sunday.

—From the minute the library opens to the time when the librarian sings his musical good night there are numbers of ladies and gentlemen who enjoy its privileges.

—The handsomest display in the city is made in the windows of our leading jewelers, Messrs. J. P. Stevens & Co., 34 Whitehall street.

—The latest and most beautiful thing in female foot apparel consists of a No. 1 slipper strapped over a lovely blue stocking on which is embroidered a blushing rose, the true inwardness being a delicious plump little foot.

—Mr. Frank Miller, the prince of hotel clerks, has returned to the city after two months' stay at Blount Springs. The sulphur water seems to have agreed with him splendidly.

—The title of the coming lecture is "The Patchwork Palace." There is plenty of fun in that subject, and Mr. Henry W. Grady will bring it to the surface.

—Have you sent anything to the committee for the Fernandina sufferers? Whatever you can contribute, no matter how little, carry to the store of Mark W. Johnson & Co., Whitehall street. The contribution list is increasing rapidly.

—We call attention to the communication of Mr. J. T. Waterman, of the LaGrange Reporter, in another column. The Reporter has an extensive circulation in western Georgia and is a firm friend of our city. Our merchants will please note what he has to say on the subject of advertising.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mr. M. W. Reese, of Washington, is in the city, at the Markham house.

—Mr. John H. Martin, the "old reliable" editor of the Columbus Times, is in the city.

—Major J. U. Horne and Colonel R. H. Sims, two of the solid Griffinites, were at the Markham yesterday.

—Mr. Robert M. Furman, of the Asheville, (N. C.,) Citizen made us a pleasant call yesterday.

—Mr. W. W. Randall, the senior of the Griffin Sun, is in our city. He will be here several days. The Sun is a live weekly and has a good circulation in middle Georgia.

—Prominent among the new arrivals of lawyers at the Markham house, we notice the following: Col J A Ansley, Col W B Guerry and N A Smith, Esq, of Americus; Hon D M DuBose, W H Toombs, Esq, and Milton A Reese, Esq, of Washington, Georgia; H J Lamar, Esq, and L N Whittle, Esq, of Macon; Hon L N Trammell, of Dalton; and Hon Jas D Spence, Esq, of Jonesboro.

A YOUNG BURGLAR

A Game that is Frequently Played.

Several times last week Messrs. J. J. and S. P. Richards missed various articles from their book store on Alabama street, and began to suspect that there was some rascality at the bottom of such disappearances.

They informed Col. Thomas, chief of police, who at once took the matter in hand and on Saturday night sent Patrolman Speer to the store with instructions to shut him inside when he closed up so that he could discover if any attempt was made to enter the store during the night.

Just before closing, Mr Richards stepped across the street to purchase a few cigars, and while he was out Patrolman Speer, who was secreted in the back part of the store, saw a negro boy creeping into the front door on his allfours and noiselessly hide himself under a piano. Soon Mr. Richards returned, and after he had entered the store Patrolman Speer walked up and

SEIZED THE YOUNG BURGLAR,

thus cutting short his intended little game. He gave his name as Luke Cothran, and had doubtless entered the store for the purpose of remaining and opening the back windows for the admission of older confederates later at night. On being questioned he admitted that he had been in the store twice before, but had carried away very few valuables. He is a boy about fifteen years of age who has evidently been the tool of older villains. He was yesterday committed to jail after a preliminary investigation, and will soon be tried by the city court.

Chief Thomas and several of the members of the force are of the opinion that the game attempted by this young burglar is frequently successfully played in the city. Small boys, of extraordinary acuteness, are procured by professional burglars and trained to enter doors and windows noiselessly early in the night. When inside they secrete themselves and when all is still, open the way for their employees on the outside. This is a trick of burglars which is common in many of the larger cities, and it seems to be getting very common here. The police are watching it very close.

Death.

The many friends of Mr. G. D. Black and family, formerly of Atlanta, will regret to hear of the death of Fannie Black, aged twelve, which occurred at her father's residence in Gainesville, on Friday last. The fatal disease was congestion of the heart. The deceased was a child of unusual promise, and by her short sweet life had endeared herself to many hearts outside the family circle. Her funeral Sunday was attended by all four of the congregations in the city, all the Sunday schools likewise being present. The services were very affecting. Our sympathies are extended to the bereaved family.

Station House Report.

The following state arrests were made Sunday and yesterday:

Stafford Reed, colored, larceny after trust.
John Boyd, colored, shooting at another.
Tobe Cothran, colored, burglary.

There were quite a number of city arrests made during the two days, but the city was very quiet and orderly.

Sol Smith Russel.

Speaking of Sol Smith Russell, who appears at the opera house next Friday evening, the Boston Advertiser says: "He is the best artist in his line that we have and that because he has, in addition to a remarkable power of facial expression, the intelligence and the brain to understand character and idiosyncracies which an ordinary observer would pass unnoticed."

SAVE YOUR MONEY

Buy Dry Goods at

THE CHEAPEST PLACE.

EXAMINE my prices and you well be convinced that I am selling goods at prices that can't be beat.

My stock is large and complete in every department, and I guarantee to save my customers 25 to 40 per cent on many goods. I cannot give prices, for my stock is too numerous. But below I mention a few things which I call your special attention to.

30 Pieces Black Silk,

Most elegant goods ever offered in the city each and every piece guaranteed.

50 Pieces Colored Silks,

In all the the new shades, 40 per cent che er than last season.

250 Pieces Black Alpaca,

From 25 to 50 cents per yard—wonderful bargains. Better goods equally as cheap.

25 Pieces Black Cashmere,

Of the very best make and dye, and the prices are so low that you will buy them.

All the Best Makes of Mouaning Goods at Reduced Prices.

Fancy Dress Goods,

From 12½ cents to $1 25 per Yard,

With trimmings to match. This stock is complete and new and one of the largest in the city comprising many of the novelties in all the new shades and colors.

New Styles Cloaks Just Received.

500 Shawls to Close out Cheap.

Having bought largely in Woolens, I can offer you great bargains in all kinds Flannels, Jeans, Cassimere, all-wool Curseys, and the celebrated Virginia Cloths for Men's and Boys' wear. Waterproofs in all the new shades and patterns.

I am still keeping up my low prices on Table Damask, Napkins, Doylies, Towels and Linens.

I have placed upon my bargain counters—50 dozen Misses Hosiery, from 10 cents up. An elegant stock of solid and striped Hose for Ladies and children. Extra inducements in white Hose. 500 dozen Handkerchiefs, from 75 cents per dozen, up. Ladies Merino Vests at great bargains. 100 dozen Corsets, very cheap. 175 dozen Kid Gloves in all the new shades, from 50 cents up. 75 dozen new silk and lace Ties and Scarfs. The best No. 9 Gross Grain Ribbon, in all the new colors, at 15c per yard. 20 000 yards Hamburg Edgnigs and Insertings, from 5c up—wonderful cheap.

I am making a specialty of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. 75 dozen Keep's patent, partly-made Shirts, at $7 00 per six; an elegant set of gold Collor and Cuff Buttons thrown in.

50 dozen completed Shirts, made of Wamsutta bosoms 3-ply, all linen. 6 for $7 00

250 dozen super-stout half Hose, at half price. 200 dozen Gents all linen Handkerchiefs at half price. 50 dozen Gents' suspenders at half price.

All orders promptly attended to, and express paid on all amounts over $10 00.
418 sep23 dsun tues thur W. E. CATER, No. 54 Whitehall street.

PREPARING FOR THE TEST.

Drilling of Our Companies.

Last night the Atlanta Cadets had a lively drill in the open air near the Macon and Western depot, where they were put through a series of evolutions fitted to make them adept in the intricacies of the tactics. The company is now in fine trim, and under its excellent management will surely make a fine appearance at the fair. Most of the members are young, but they are devoted to their company and their enthusiasm will do much towards making them perfect in military art. The company is made of the right stuff.

The other companies are also fully preparing for the severe test to which they will be subjected at the fair. The Gate City Guards are said by good judges to drill magnificently. The company is finely officered and is composed of excellent material. The Governor's Guards are not a whit behind and are ready to make their friends proud of them when the fun begins at the contest in which they must meet the military of state.

Our battalion never was more enthusiastic. The Cleburne Rifles are also doing finely, though they will probably not enter for the prize at the fair.

THE COURTS.

Fulton Superior Court.

JUDGE GEORGE HILLYER PRESIDING.

The fall term of Fulton superior court opened at 9 o'clock yesterday with a good attendance of lawyers and spectators. The first day was spent in active business, and the following cases were disposed of:

Lewis Myers vs. David Wade. Illegality; dismissed.

Wm. Smith vs Festus Flipper. Judgment for $72.45 for plaintiff.

P. Garvey vs. City of Atlanta. Judgment by the court for the city.

Scofield vs. Gaskill defendant and Gaskill claimant, C. B. Gaskill. An order passed at last term consolidating these two cases was not entered on the minutes and was ordered entered *nunc pro tunc* and the cases consolidated for trial.

Stockwell & Co vs Anderson & Wells; judgment for plaintiff for $1,036 55.

B. H & M. Overby et al, plaintiffs in fi fa, vs A. M. Perkerson, sheriff, and E. W. Thrasher, defendant in fi fa. Judgment of court below affirmed by supreme court, which affirmation was entered on minutes.

C J Hussey & Co vs John Cross & Co; judgment by court for plaintiffs for $930.

Grand and petit juries were drawn.

Several leaves of absence granted members of the bar.

Court adjourned to 9 a m to-day.

Recorder's Court.

Recorder Milledge had a very interesting court yesterday morning, in which he interviewed a number of offenders, some of which were dismissed and others commended to the tender mercies of Captain Redding, to join the grand street improvement brigade.

United States Circuit Court.

JUDGE W. B. WOODS AND JUDGE JOHN ERSKINE PRESIDING.

The following was the business of this court Saturday:

In the case of Ezekiel Doneghan vs. Blacker et. al., a verdict was rendered against Blacker for the sum of $750.

The habeas corpus case of Findlay, Gaston and Prater from the state court was taken up. The prisoners were produced in court by the sheriff of Lumpkin county, and the case was postponed till another day. For the writ Amos T. Akerman; for the state, Attorney General Ely and Solicitor Haralson.

The grand jury was discharged and court adjourned to Monday morning ten o'clock.

MONDAY.

United States vs. Joseph J. Mahoney, demurrer to both counts indictment by H K. McCay for defense. Demurrer to first count overruled and that to second count sustained. On account of the want of important papers, the court adjourned hearing of the case to the 5th. Court then adjourned to ten a. m. to-day.

The undersigned begs leave to announce that in connection with his well-known establishment,

"THE READING ROOM,"

he has opened a

"RESTAURANT,"

and will keep all the Substantials as well as the Delicacies of the Eating line, of the season. The Restaurant will be run on the same principle upon which the Reading Room has obtained its reputation, that is everything *strictly first class and reliable*. Very respectfully,

C. J. WEINMEISTER,
547 sep30..dtf 22 Marietta street.

Mr. O. L. Braumuller.

Mr. O. L. Braumuller, the young and enterprising Whitehall street merchant, has just returned from New York, and informs us that owing to the advantages gained by being late in the markets and thereby obtaining great discounts, he will be able to offer to the public a line of choice goods much below the market price. Also, a large stock of auction goods from bankrupt sales which he proposes to sell extremely low, believing in this way to establish a reputation which will insure him a large trade in the future, and also prove himself a public benefactor. We advise all to give him a call and examine his stock, which he will take great pleasure in showing.

The Queen of the Oven.

A breakfast-biscuit or tea-roll made with DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER is certainly the queen of the oven—so light, white and delicious. You lift it tenderly, break it open gently, spread it daintily with fresh, sweet butter, waiting to be gracious. After breakfasting on biscuits made with DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER, what man would contemplate suicide, or grumble because his wife asked him for money.

Nijne Novgorod Fair.

The great market of the eastern world has been held at this junction of the Volga and Olga Rivers, in Russia, every summer for hundreds of years. Here the nations of Europe and Asia meet with their products for trade. Cossack, Chinese, Turk and Persian meet the German and the Greek with every variety merchandise that mankind employs, from sapphires to grindstones, tea, opium, fur, food, tools and fabrics, and last but not least, medicines. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s celebrated remedies from America were displayed in an elegant bazaar where the Doctor himself might sometimes be seen. They are known and taken on steppes of Asia as well as the prairies of the West, and are an effectual antidote for the diseases that prevail in the yaourts of the North as well as the huts and cabins of the Western continent.—*Lincoln (Ill.) Times*. oct4...w1roct2&d1toct2

WEATHER REPORT, OCT. 1, 1877.

REPORTED BY R. J REDDING,
FOR THE DEPARTMENT AGRICULTURE.

BAROMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.
28.997	28.932	28.920	28.949

THERMOMETER.

7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN.	MAX'M	MIN'M
64°	73°	68°	68°	74°	63°

Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun........ 128°
Radiation from the earth during preceding night........ 46°

HYGROMETER.

Per cent of moisture in the air				Evaporation.	Rainfall.
7 A.M.	2 P.M.	9 P.M.	MEAN	INCHES	INCHES.
73	50	73	65		.

ANEMOMETER.

7 A.M.—Wind from the........East
2 P.M.—Wind from the........East
9 P.M.—Wind from the........East

APPEARANCE OF THE SKY

7 P.M........Clear
2 A.M........Cloudy
9 P.M........Clear

PROBABILITIES.
(By Telegraph.)

Indications for Tuesday in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, increasing northeasterly winds, cloudy weather and rain areas, with stationary or lower pressure and temperature.

FINANCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, October 1, 1877.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying........102 | Selling........103
EXCHANGE—
Buying at........par | Selling........¼ prem

BONDS—			
Georgia 6s	99@101	Atlanta City 8s.	95@100
Georgia 7s	108@109	Atlanta 10s	110@113
Georgia 7s gold	108@109	Augusta City 7s	85@90
Georgia 8s	110@115	Savannah City	30@50
Atlanta Water	85@90	Macon City	78@80
Atlanta City 7s.	85@90	Ga. R. R. 7s	104@107
Western R R of Ala. 1st m'tge	97@100	Ga. R. R. 6s	99@101
		A. & W. P. R. R.	110@112
Western R R of Ala. 2d m'tge, endorsed by Ga & Cent RR	97@100	Central R. R. 7s.	98@100
		So. West RR 7s.	98@100
		M. & W. R. R. 7s.	98@100
Mont & W P RR 1st mortgage.	98@100	W & A R R Lessees, 10 per ct income bonds	95@100
STOCKS—			
Georgia R.R.	70@73	SouthWes R.R.	75@78
Central R.R	46@50	Atlanta Str'tRR	85@90
A. & W.P.R.R.	95@98		

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 1.—*Noon*—Stocks firm. Money 4. Gold 102⅝. Exchange—long $4 82; short $4 85½. State Bonds quiet. Governments weak and a fraction lower.

NEW YORK, October 1.—*Evening.*—Money easy; offered at 3. Sterling 2. Gold quiet at 103. Governments steady; new fives 7. State Bonds dull. Stocks strong;

N. Y. Central	102⅝	Pittsburg	82
Erie	11⅝	Chicago & N. W.	38⅞
Lake Shore	64⅛	Preferred	64⅞
Illinois Central	71¼	Rock Island	100⅝

Sub-treasury balances:
Gold........$103,309,383 81 Currency........$43,989,567
Sub-treasury payments:
Interest........$171,000 Bonds........$50,000
Customs receipts to-day $468,000.

The debt statement shows a decrease of $3,882,521. Coin in the treasury $119,112,013.

PARIS, October 1.—1:30 P. M.—Rentes 105f 32½.

COMMERCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, October 1, 1877.

Atlanta Cotton Market.

Cotton quiet at 9¼.

RECEIPTS TO-DAY

By wagon	230	
Air-Line Railroad	2	
Georgia Railroad	105	
Central Railroad	55	
Western and Atlantic Railroad	24	
West Point Railroad	127	
Total	543	
Receipts previously	3,032	
Total	3,575	
Stock on hand September 1, 1877	223	
Grand total		3,798
SHIPMENTS.		
Shipments to-day	170	
Shipments previously	1,770	
Total		1,940
Stock on hand		1,858

BY TELEGRAPH.

LIVERPOOL October 1.—*Noon*—Cotton easier but not quotably lower; middling uplands 6⅛; middling Orleans 6¼; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 100; no American; futures sellers at Saturday night's prices; middling uplands nothing below low middlings October and November delivery 6¼; November and December delivery 6¼; new crop shipped in October and November per sail 6¼; December and January 6 9-32.

LIVERPOOL, October 1.—3:30 P.M.—Middling uplands nothing below low middlings November delivery 6¼.

LIVERPOOL, October 1.—5.00 P.M.—Futures dull.

NEW YORK, October 1.—*Noon*—Cotton dull; new middling uplands 11⅛; new middling Orleans 11¼; sales 544 bales; will hereafter quote new cotton; futures opened a shade lower, but are now steady, as follows:

October	11.05@11 07	December	10.92@10 94
November	10.92@10.94	January	11.02@11.04

NEW YORK, October 1.—*Evening*—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 11⅛; Orleans 11¼; sales 351 bales; consolidated net receipts 22,391 bales; exports to Great Britain 6,827; net receipts to-day 505; gross 2,101 bales; futures closed steady; sales 20,000 bales, as follows:

October	11.04	February	11.15@11.16
November	10.91	March	11 29@11 30
December	10.91	April	11 44@11.45
January	11.01	May	11.58@11.59

GALVESTON, October 1.—Cotton dull and depressed; middlings 10⅝; net receipts 2,254 bales; gross 2,314; sales 67, exports coastwise 58.

NEW ORLEANS, October 1.—Cotton steady; middlings 10⅝; low middlings 10⅛; good ordinary 10; net receipts 2,925 bales; gross 4,348; sales 900; exports coastwise 17.

MOBILE, October 1.—Cotton quiet and steady middlings 10⅝; net receipts 1,992 bales; sales 500.

SAVANNAH, October 1.—Cotton active: middlings 10⅝; net receipts 3,161 bales; gross 3,300; exports coastwise 3,953.

CHARLESTON, October 1.—Cotton easier; middlings 10⅝ net receipts 1,936 bales; sales 800; exports coastwise 2,311.

WILMINGTON, October 1.—Cotton nominal; middlings 10⅝; net receipts 357 bales; sales to spinners 48; exports coastwise 109.

NORFOLK, October 1.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾; net receipts 751 bales; sales 50; exports coastwise 1,336.

BALTIMORE, October 1.—Cotton dull and lower; middlings 11⅛; gross receipts 706 bales; sales 315; spinners 270; exports coastwise 120.

BOSTON, October 1.—Cotton steady; middlings 11¾; gross receipts 2,000.

PHILADELPHIA, October 1.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11⅝; net receipts 60 bales; gross 26, sales 335; to spinners 300.

MEMPHIS, October 1.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅞; net receipts 853 bales; shipments 428; sales 850 bales.

AUGUSTA, October 1.—Cotton dull and lower; middlings 10¼; net receipts 581 bales; sales 417.

Atlanta Produce Market.

EGGS—dull at 16@18.
BUTTER—Choice 22½@25; fair 18@20; country 15@18.
POULTRY—Chickens 10@16.
BEESWAX—Market weak at 27.
FEATHERS—new choice mixed 45@50.
DRIED FRUIT—Peaches, peeled, 4@9; rough 3½@4½; apples 2½@3.

Live Stock Market.

Sheep 3@4½; common cattle 3½@4; good cattle 4@4½; choice cattle 4½@5; extra cattle 5@5½; North Georgia cattle 2½@3; Tennessee 4@5.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

CORN—Fresh shelled 82.
MEAL—82.
GRITS—$5 00.
WHEAT—$1 20@$1 50.
WHEAT BRAN—80.
OATS—55: seed 60@75.
HAY—Timothy $1 10@$1 20; Clover $1 00.

MOLASSES—Barrels 32; tierces none; hhds none.

MACKEREL—No. 1 half bbls $7 50; kits $1 75; No. 2 half bbls $5 50; kits $1 00@$1 10; No. 3 bbls $9 50; half $5 00; kits $1 00.

COFFEE—Rio 19@24; Java 30@32.

SUGAR—Standard A 11½; white extra C 11¼; extra C 10¾; yellow 10@10½. New Orleans 10@11.

FLOUR—Fancy $8 00@$8 25; extra fancy $7 50@$7 75; family $7 00@$7 25; extra $6 50@$6 75; superfine $5 50@6 00.

SMOKED MEATS—Tennessee, clear sides 9¾@10.

BULK MEATS—Clear rib sides 9; long clear sides 8¾; shoulders 5½.

HAMS—Bulk none. sugar-cured 14.

BACON—Shoulders none; clear sides none.

LARD—Tierces, kettle 11½; kegs and cans 11½@12½; buckets 11½@12½; refined 10½.

Dry Goods.

Ticking 6@20; stripes 9@12½; osnaburgs 9½@10½; cambrics 6@7, prints 5½@7½; brown sheetings 7@7½; shirtings 6½@7; bleached sheeting and shirtings 4½@13; Domestics, 4-4 7½@8; 6½@6½; 3-4 5½@5¾; yarns 95.

Tobacco.

CHEWING—Common, sound 11-inch new 45@48; common, sound, 11-inch old 47@50; medium, 11-inch, old 50@55; good 11-inch old 55@60; fine 11-inch old 70; bright navys 60; good 65; fine 80; Grovely $1 00; Calhoun $1 25; natural leaf $1 00.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

FRUITS—Lemons $8 50@$9; bananas, per bunch none; apples $1 50@$3 00; oranges none; pears none; cocoa nuts none; Raisins, layers, whole, per box $2 50@$3 00; raisins half $1 75; quarters 90; currants in barrels 10; citron, Leghorn per lb 28; figs, selected Elemes drums per lb 17½; dates in frails 8½; boxes prunes, in bbls, per lb 14@15.

NUTS—Almonds, Languedoc 20; Taragona 17½@20; pecan nuts 15; Brazil nuts 12½@15; English walnuts 15@20; filberts 15.

Miscellaneous.

SALT—Virginia $1 50; Liverpool $1 40.
LIME—$1 00@$1 25.
NAILS—12d, 10d, $2 90.
LEATHER—Hemlock sole 22@28; white oak 30@40; Georgia upper 28@40; lining skins $4 00@$9 00 per doz.
HIDES—Dry flint 12½@13; wet salted 7@8; green 5; dry salted 11@12.
BAGGING—Gunny 12; Domestic 2 lbs 12@13½; Domestic 2¼ lbs 13½; Domestic 2½ lbs 13@14.
IRON TIES—5.
POWDER—Blasting $3 90; rifle $6 40.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 1.—Flour dull and in buyer's favor; superfine western and state $5 00@$5 75; closing dull; southern flour dull and easier; common to fair extra $6 00@$6 75; good to choice extra $6 80@$8 50. Wheat 1@3c lower, heavy and unsettled. Corn ½@1c better, active demand; ungraded western mixed 57@58½. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar quiet and firm; fair to good refining 8¼@8⅜; standard A 10@10½. Molasses firm; moderate inquiry; no sales reported. Rice steady; moderate business. Tallow steady at 7¾@7⅞. Naval stores firmer. Pork firmer; closing quiet, new mess $14 15@$14 20. Lard opened firm; prime steam 9 22½; closing at 9 27½@9 30. Whisky steady at $1 13½. Freights to Liverpool steady.

CHICAGO, October 1.—Flour in light demand; holders firm. Wheat active, lower and unsettled; No. 1 Chicago spring $1 11; No 2 Chicago spring $1 10½ cash; October $1 05@$1 05½; November $1 01½@$1 02; No. 3 Chicago spring $1 05. Corn active; cash and October 42½; November 41⅝@41⅞; all the year 41. Oats in fair demand, cash 25½; October 23¼@23½; November 23⅝@23⅞. Rye steady. Barley easier at 60. Pork irregular; large export demand; sales at $13 50 cash. Lard irregular; quoted at 8¾ cash; all the year 8.30@8.32½. Bulk Meats steady and firm; shoulders 6¾; clear rib sides 8½; clear sides 8¾. Whisky $1 08.

Receipts—Flour 13 000; Wheat 244,000; Corn 23[illegible],000; Oats 111,000; Rye 12,000; Barley 49,000.

Shipments—Flour 9,000; Wheat 49,000; Corn 23[illegible],000; Oats 16,000; Barley 21,000.

Last Call—Wheat and Corn ⅜c higher; oats unchanged; lard easier at 8 0.

ST. LOUIS, October 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat, No 3 red fall cash $1 1[illegible] bid. Corn 41¼. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley quiet and unchanged. Pork in good demand and firm at $13 75. Lard nominal. Bulk Meats, no offerings; no bids. Bacon shoulders 7¾; clear rib sides 8¾; clear sides 9. Hogs active; packing 5 25@5 50. Cattle dull and weak; no demand for native shipping grades.

CINCINNATI, October 1.—Flour dull; family $6 10@$6 25. Wheat dull; red $1 18@$1 25. Corn quiet and steady at 45@46. Oats dull at 25@30. Rye dull and drooping at 60. Barley heavy; No. 2 spring 65. Pork in good demand and a shade higher at $14 00. Lard dull; steam 8¾; kettle 9½@10. Bulk Meats strong and higher; shoulders 7¾; short rib middles 8⅝ bid; short clear middles 8¾. Bacon strong and higher: shoulders 8 clear rib sides 9; clear sides 9½. Whisky strong and higher; light offerings at $1 06. Butter quiet and unchanged. Sugar steady and unchanged. Hogs active and firm; packing 5 00@5.40; receipts 1,138; shipments 1,763.

LOUISVILLE, October 1.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firmer but not higher. Corn dull; white 55; mixed 50. Rye quiet at 65. Oats dull; white 33; mixed 31. Pork quiet at $14 25. Bulk Meats dull and nominal. Bacon firm; shoulders 7¾; clear rib sides 8⅝; clear sides 9. Sugar cured Hams in good demand at 13¾@14. Lard quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull and lower at $1 04. Bagging quiet at 12½. Tobacco in fair demand and unchanged.

BALTIMORE, October 1—Flour dull and heavy; Howard street and western superfine $3 75@$5 00; extra $5 00@$6 00; family $6 50@$7 25; city mills superfine $4 00@$4 75; extra $5 25@$6 75; Rio brands $7 25@$7 50, Patapsco family $8 50. Wheat southern steady and firm; fair demand; western dull; southern red good to prime $1 35@$1 45; amber $1 48@$1 50; western steamer $1 25 bid; No. 2 western winter red spot $1 45; October $1 42 November $1 38 bid; No. 3 winter red $1 34½. Corn, southern quiet and steady; western quiet and firm; southern white 70@71; yellow 61.

SHIPPING NEWS.

CHARLESTON, October 1.—*Arrived*—str G. W Clyde, New York: she encountered heavy gales. Brigs Corine, Belfast; Francis Drake, St. Thomas. Steamer Falcon is detained by heavy weather.

SAVANNAH, October 1—*Arrived*—ship Bombay, Hull.

FORTRESS MONROE, October 1.—*Arrived*—schr Charles Dennis, from Georgetown bound for Providence, in distress. The revenue schooner Pallinger is here from Point Lookout.

Fulton Sheriff Sales for October 1877.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga., on the first Tuesday in October next within the legal hours of sale the following property, to wit:

The east half of land lot No (129) one hundred and twenty-nine, in the fourteenth district of originally Henry now Fulton county, containing one hundred one and a quarter acres more or less, bounded east by Threlkill, north by lot 130 and west by west half of lot 129, levied on as the property of R. B McLendon, administrator of R. P. McLendon, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Milton court of ordinary, in favor of W. H. Nisbit ordinary vs., R. B. McLendon, administrator of R. P. McLendon.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, fronting on the west side of Hilliard street, 90 feet, and running back west 176½ feet to the centre of the block, the same being lot No. 11, block 13, land lot No. 46 in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, adjoining Ransom's property on the north, Hilliard street on the east, Wallace's property on the south, and Hitchin's on the west, together with all the improvements thereon, consisting of two small houses. Levied on as the property of Mrs Margarett Hitchins, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the city court of Atlanta, in favor of J H Ransom vs Mrs Margaret Hitchins.

Also, at the same time and place, a tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in Fulton county, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., known as parts of lots Nos. 230 and 231. Said lots fronting on the north side of Jenkins's street fifty feet, more or less, and runs back at right angles 200 feet, more or less, to the property now owned by G. A. Burkhardt. Said portions of lots being part of land lot No. 52, in the 14th district of, originally Henry, now Fulton county, with the following exceptions, viz: Five feet off the west side, running back the entire length of the lot, to be used as an alley. Levied on as the property of M. M. Wilson, by virtue of, and to satisfy four fi. fas. issued from the justice's court of the 1,234th district, G. M., in favor of C. A. Howell vs. M. M. Wilson, Levies made by Wm Thompson, L. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a city lot in the city of Atlanta, being a part of land lot No. 53, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga., the same being a part of a tract of five acres of land conveyed by Solomon Beach to William Lemmons by a deed made April 15, 1863, recorded June 17, 1863, in book G., Fulton county records, page 338, fronting seventy-four feet on the north side of Richmond street, and running back north the same width to a line midway between Richmond and Richardson streets, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., and bounded on the east by a lot conveyed by Mrs. Francis M. Jennings to Prior L Mynatt, and on the west by a lot belonging to Mrs. Francis M. Jennings. Levied on as the property of Reuben Arnold, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the justice's court of the 1234th district, G M., in favor of Henry Irby vs. Reuben Arnold. Levy made by J. D Fagan, L. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place a tract or parcel of land and the improvements therein situated, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, in ward 5, on Simpson and Vine streets, in said city, adjoining the property of Lambert and Davis, and being the property on which Hugh Lynch now resides, containing ten and three fourth acres more or less. Levied on as the property of Hugh Lynch by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district, G. M., in favor of Anthony Murphy vs Hugh Lynch. Levy made by J B Langley, T. C., and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot and the improvements thereon, situated on the south east corner of Walton and Forsyth streets, in the fifth ward of the city of Atlanta, adjoining the property of Frank, part of land lot No 78 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, containing 75 feet by 100 feet, more or less, and now occupied by defendants. Levied on as the property of the trustees of the Georgia State lottery by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Marietta Savings bank vs trustees of the Georgia State lottery et al.

Also, at the same time and place, the following property, and improvements thereon, to-wit: All that tract and parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta, and being part of original land lot No. 45 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia, and of J. L. Tanner's sub-division Nos. 3, 4, 5, fronting 150 feet on Hunter street, and running back 100 feet, more or less, to Fair street, adjoining the property of Thos. Alexander on the east and west. Levied on as the property of defendants in two fi. fas. issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district G. M., one in favor of W. S Bell vs. J. W. Pollock, trustee for wife and children, and one in favor of James E. Miller vs. Jennie A. Pollock and J. W. Pollock.

A. M. PERKERSON,
107 sep4-dlaw4w Sheriff.

THE MOST CROWDED PLACE
IS THAT WHERE GOODS ARE SOLD THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN KEELY'S

FALL ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR 1877

JOHN KEELY has just received and marked off his fall stock of DRY GOODS, Notions, Hosiery and Gloves, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Cloaks and Shawls, Trunks, etc, which for volume, variety, beauty, desirability and cheapness, will be found to surpass, by far, any stock ever placed before the public in Atlanta at any time previous. Having been for nearly a month past in attendance upon New York "*forced sales*," he has purchased an immense stock of goods, for the greater part of which he has paid nothing like their value. Consequently he *can* sell "bargains."

THIS ADVERTISEMENT

is no extravagant exaggeration expended upon a mere handful of goods, purchased, perhaps, at high figures under the pressure of a doubtful credit.

ON THE CONTRARY,

this magnificent stock of goods was purchased FOR THE CASH, and in its purchase the subscriber did not confine himself to the regular channels of trade, but struck out boldly upon the market, relying upon his judgment (the result of thirty years experience) and plucked splendid windfalls from under the hammer of the auctioneer, the sheriff, and from the hands of the assignee. These facts have enabled him to place before the public the following list which he guarantees to fill the letter and which speaks for itself, viz:

Dress Goods!!! Marvelous Bargains!!!

Everything new in Silk and Wool fabrics, Knickerbocker cloths, Drap Fraisee, Melange and Bourrette cloths, most novel shades.

4,000 yards elegant basket patterns in solid colored French Dress Goods from Prideau's sale, 50 cents yard worth $1 yard.

5,000 yards Heavy figured and Striped French Dress Goods, solid colors, 35 cents yard worth 75 cents yard.

6,000 yards Fancy Mohair Melange Dress Goods 20 and 25 cents yard, Same quality which I have been selling at 50 cents.

5,000 yards elegant new style Silk Poplin cheaper than ever before.

A GREAT SPECIALTY.

Black Alpacas. Black Alpacas.

6,000 yards Beautiful blue-black Alpaca 25 cents yard.

4,000 yards superior grade black Alpaca 40 cents yard, usually sold at 60 cents yard.

3,000 yards Turkish Brilliantines 50 cents yard, formerly sold at 75 cents.

5,000 yards choice Black Alpaca 35 cents yard same as I sold before at 50 cents.

6,500 yards extra fine Black Alpacas 50 cents yard formerly sold at 75 cents.

5,000 yards Turkish Brilliantines 60 cents yard.

EXTRAORDINARY GOODS FOR THE MONEY.

N. B.—The color of each and every one of the above goods IS GUARANTEED, a new dress furnished in all cases where a piece of this Alpaca should change color in any unreasonable time.

Black Cashmeres. Black Cashmeres.

5,000 yards Black Cashmeres at 50 cents, 60 cents, 65 cents, 75 cents, 85 cents, 90 cents and $1. All from forced sales and guaranteed below market value.

All the new shades in colored Cashmeres, embracing every quality made, from 30 cents to $1 yard.

An immense line of French Mohair Dress Goods *very cheap*.

Silks.

10 pieces of the best 75c Black Silk ever offered in Atlanta.

20 pieces of the best 90c Black Silk in Georgia.

15 pieces extraordinarily heavy Black Gros Grain Silk, $1 per yard, well worth $1.50 per yard.

10 pieces beautiful Black Cachemire Gros Grain Silk $1.25 per yard elegant goods.

5 pieces extraordinary grade Black Silks $1 50 per yard, same as I have sold at $2 per yard.

20 pieces of the finest Black Silks made, prices proportionately low.

All the new shades in Solid Colored Dress Silks at $1 per yard, worth a great deal more money.

50 pieces best quality colored Gros Grain Silks, wonderful bargain, fifty per cent less than their value.

Remember, this sale of Silks was peremptory. The goods had to be placed for whatever they would bring; hence the above slaughter.

Cloaks and Shawls.

(This is one of my leading departments.)

500 Black Cloth Cloaks from $1 50 to $3 00 each, worth *three times the money*.

100 extra Black Beaver Cloth Cloaks from $7 00 to $10 00 each. *Startling bargains!*

750 Black Cloth Cloaks from $3 25 to $7 00 each, *worth double the money*.

200 beautiful Black Cloth Cloaks, in plain and matelasse goods, up to the finest goods made. Choice new things.

A beautiful stock of Misses Cloaks, in black and colors. All new styles.

Everything made in Shawls from a 25 cents Breakfast Shawl up to the finest goods made. All new and fresh.

Black Thibet Wool Shawls in square and long, every quality, from the cheapest to the finest made.

Flannels Blankets Etc.—An Immense Stock.

1500 yards Extra Grey Twilled Flannels, slightly wet, 15c per yard, worth 30c.

1200 yds Red and all Wool Flannels 18c per yard, worth 25c.

Everything made in Shaker and Opera Flannels, very cheap.

3000 yards plaid Flannels 35c per yard, worth 60 cents, (slightly wet.)

1500 yds fancy small figure fine Opera Flannel for babies, 35c per yard, well worth 60c.

Every grade of White, red and grey Flannels, from the lowest price to the finest made.

Bargains in Blankets.

5 cases white Blankets job lot, at half their value—half last year's prices for similar goods.

Everything made in 9-4 10-4 11-4 12-4 white Blankets, from the lowest to the finest grades, bought very cheap, will be sold correspondingly low.

Cassimeres.

Beautiful cassimeres for boys 12½, 20 and 25c per yard; great bargains.

Concord jeans and cassimeres, a full stock.

Excellent men's cassimeres 30, 35, 40, 50, 60 and 75c, extraordinary goods for the money.

Black doeskins, a fine line.

Everything made in waterproof cloths, double width ladies cloths, beaver cloths, sackings, cloakings, etc.

Hosiery and Gloves! Startling Bargains!!

5,000 dollars worth of black and colored kid gloves at 50 and 75 per pair; extraordinary goods for the money; all sizes; all colors; soft flexible leather.

1,500 dollars worth of the best kid gloves made at $1 50 a pair, worth $2.25, choice line all colors.

Everything made in ladies thread and Berlin gloves, misses and childrens stain and fancy hose, childrens', ladies and gents underwear, ladies extra size hose, mens English socks, etc, in fact, this line is complete.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

A full line in Men's Shirts Undershirts and Drawers; Ties, Collars, Half Hose, Studs, Buttons, etc., carefully selected, and prices lower than elsewhere.

Linens, Towels, Napkins, Etc.

10 pieces elegant Table Linen, all flax, 35 cents a yard; 20 pieces fine bleached Table Linen, 50 to 75 cents a yard, worth 50 per cent more; 300 dozen of the cheapest Towels ever offered in Atlanta, embracing every quality from $1.00 a dozen to the finest made; 4,000 yards all Linen Crash Toweling, 5 cents a yard, worth 15 cents, besides everything in Shirting Linens, Damasks, Napkins, D'Oyles, Table Cloths, Table Covers, etc., at wonderfully low prices.

Novelties in Turkey Red Cloths, Table Covers, etc., etc.

Corsets.

1,000 of the best 50c Corsets in America.

1,500 of the best 75c Corsets ever offered here.

1,000 of the choicest $1.00 Corsets in Atlanta.

1,000 "Nonpareil" Corsets $1.50 each, the best fitting Corset in the world; warranted.

1,500 extra Corsets at $2 00 and $2 50 each; very finest goods made.

500 of the extra Length Corsets so much desired; prices lower than elsewhere.

Notions!

An immense stock of Notions, embracing novelties in Fringes, Buttons, Combs, Brushes, Trimmings of all kinds, and thousands of goods too numerous to mention, will be found in this stock. Prices low.

Special.

500 gents extra fine Silk Umbrellas, $4 each good value for $8, but "the hammer of the auctioneer knows no mercy."

1,000 extra fine Embossed Boulevard Skirts from auction, 50c each, selling elsewhere at $1.

1,200 fine Marseilles (Imported) Quilts, extra size, from auction sales. Great bargains.

5,000 yards Excellent Bleaching, slightly wet, 6c yard, worth 9c.

2,500 yards Excellent Sea Island, slightly wet, 4½c, worth 7c.

1,500 yards Checked Homespun, slightly wet, 8c, worth 10c or 11c.

1 case White Blankets, nearly half price, slightly wet.

Laces, Embroideries, Fancy Goods, etc.

60,000 yards of the cheapest and most beautiful Jackonet Edgings and Insertions ever offered in Georgia; 5,000 yards of the finest Needlework Edgings and Insertions, 10 cents per yard, worth from 30 to 75 cents per yard; 150 pieces of the handsomest Rouchings made; 500 pieces of the finest French Brocaded Ribbons, 5 cents per yard worth from five to ten times that amount; 260 dozen of the handsomest silk and Lace Ties, Lace Scarfs, Veils, etc, ever offered in Atlanta; 500 pieces of the choicest Fancy Sash Ribbons; extra wide, solid colored and black Gross-Grain Sash Ribbons, wonderful bargains, besides everything made in Rufflings, Standard Trimmings, Real and Imitation Crochet Edgings, Torchon Laces, Guipure Lace, Spanish Laces, Real and Immitation Valenciennes Laces, etc. Spanish Lace Scarfs, Spanish and Guipure Nets, etc.

Mourning Department!

Having observed for some time the difficulty which purchasers of mourning goods have experienced in finding everything they want, I have added this new feature to my business. In this department will be found the following goods, besides many others not enumerated, and embracing, indeed, everything, from a black pin to the finest black dress goods made:

1,500 yards plain, soft, all wool Llama Cloth, 40c yard—cheap.

2,000 yards real Tamise Cloth, 50c yard, worth 85c.

1,200 yards extra fine Tamise Cloth, 60c and 65c, worth $1 yard.

2,000 yards Black Satin de chene, all wool, 60c, very fine, worth $1.

1,200 yards black all wool Empress Cloth, in all grades.

1,500 yards figured wool French Dress Goods, beautiful quality.

1,000 Crape Veils in every grade.

Mourning Collars and Cuffs, black Crape Collars.

750 yards black Henrietta Cloth, silk warp, wool filling, very cheap.

1,500 yards black Henrietta Cloth, best quality.

2,000 yards black Bombazine, in every quality made.

1,000 yards mourning shade, black Cashmeres.

2,000 yards mournig shade (lustreless) black Silks.

800 Love Veils in every quality.

Mourning Ruchings, mourning Gloves, etc.

N. B. As great care and attention has been bestowed upon the purchase of goods for this department, the great success which has attended its institution is not surprising. This is the FIRST and the ONLY strictly mourning department in Georgia.

Remember,

The principles upon which this business has been built up are as follows:
No trouble to show goods!
No fancy prices asked!
No partners amongst whom to divide long profits!
No misrepresentation of goods!
Every effort made to please customers!

SHOES, SHOES.

This department is now replete with everything first class in Boots and Shoes for Gentlemen, Ladies, Misses and children. A full line of Burt's celebrated Shoes, Miles' Shoes, Zeigler's shoes, and all the best makes of Shoes in the country, to the exclusion of all shoddy or trash goods. Every pair of Shoes is warranted, and if any shoes bought here wear out in an undue time, another pair will be furnished. Call at once and examine this immense stock and the low prices, at

JOHN KEELY'S,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga.
459 sep23 d1m

WM. A. HAYGOOD,

38 and 42 Marietta Stre

ATLANTA, GA

CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,
CURTAINS, WALL PAPER,
—AND—
General Interior Decorations.

Mr. E. S. LATHROP, late of Lathrop & Co., Savannah, Ga., will be pleased to meet his friends at my store, any time.
Mr. CHAS. G. ECKFORD and Mr. J. E. FRIZZELL will be ready to give their friends a hearty welcome and show them a handsome stock.
389 sep21..dly lo n

DOWN WITH MONOPOLY.

THAT is the watchword of to-day. The watchword that has shaken this Republic from center to circumference. To-day it is being re-echoed in this city. The NEW SURGICAL INSTITUTE, of Atlanta, 33 Whitehall street, J. W. Gurley, M. D., Surgeon in charge is now open and well prepared to treat deformities and diseases requiring special apparatus, viz: Spinal Curvatures, Club Foot, Bow Legs, Knock Knees, Weak Ankles, etc., etc.

RUPTURE RADICALLY CURED,

where a cure is possible—relief certain. Diseases of the

EYE AND EAR,

ENLARGED TONSILS, PILES, FISTULA and INDOLENT ULCERS cured without the use of the knife or caustics.

OUR FEES shall be moderate in all cases. We will not, for the sake of "*filthy lucre*" undertake to treat a case where there is not the least probability of benefit.

We have Dr. G. H. Taylor's patent Manipulator for the treatment of Paralysis and Chronic Weakness. Electricity, Vacuum Treatment for Atrophied Muscles, Turkish and Roman Baths. In fact everything that is necessary in the treatment of such cases as above mentioned.

We can give as references hundreds of names of some of the first citizens of this and the adjoining states. See our illustrated circular.

"MURPHY, N. C., July 1st, 1877.

"Dr. J. W. Gurley, 33 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga:

Dear Sir:—* * * We arrived home safely. My son Loney improved from the time you operated on his feet. With the appliances, he was enabled to walk in a few days." [This case was one of the highest grade of club-foot.] "He walks now very well without anything to support him. I do heartily and cheerfully recommend you to any person suffering with deformity. I hope that success may attend every effort of yours in relieving suffering humanity.

Yours truly, M. L. BRITTAIN.

BELTON, S. C., July 27th, 1877.

Dr. J. W. Gurley, 33 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga:

Dear Sir:—* * * The braces have been on my little boy's feet just five days. I am well pleased, and my wife is delighted; she sees a great improvement already.

Yours truly, W. H. AUSTIN.

Persons wishing any appliance made for the correction of deformities can have the same done by sending proper measurements taken by a physician.
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